

Material Safety Data Sheets

FIELD

EFFECTIVE / REVISION DATE: 7-13-2017

Emergency Contact Information

Emergency Contacts

Emergency		9-1-1
Poison Control		(800) 222-1222
Concentra	Closest Clinic	See Section 2 for Location & Number
Management Contacts		
Plant Manager	John Welsh	(810) 705-5533
Steel Shop Supervisor	Aaron Welsh	(810) 705-7560
Field Supervisor	Tim Harms	(810) 941-5232

Operations John Griffith (480) 717-8380

Revised: 9/3/2016

CONCENTRA LOCATIONS / METRO DETROIT AREA

Airport Romulus

11700 Metro Airport Center Dr. Ste. 104 Romulus, MI 48174 (734) 955-7000 **Hours:** 24/7

Allen Park

17500 Federal Dr. Ste. 750 Allen Park, MI 48101 (313) 982-1370 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-5pm

Ann Arbor

3131 S State St. Ann Arbor, MI 48108 (734) 213-6285 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-6pm

Brighton

7960 West Grand River Rd. Ste. 100 Brighton, MI 48114 (810) 225-9800 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-5pm

Chesterfield

50110 Gratiot Ave. Chesterfield, MI 48051 (586) 949-6336 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-5pm

Detroit I-96

28196 Schoolcraft Rd. Livonia, MI 48150 (734) 425-4600 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-11pm (Sat.) 10am-4pm

Downtown Detroit

2630 Eat Jefferson Ave. Detroit, MI 48207 (313) 259-7990 **Hours:** 24/7

Fraser

33089 Groesbeck Hwy Fraser, MI 48026 (586) 296-2800 Hours: (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-11pm (Sat.) 8am-6pm (Sun.) 10am-6pm

Livonia

34095 Plymouth Rd. Livonia, MI 48150 (734) 513-2000 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-5pm

Novi

42875 Grand River Avenue Ste. 101 Novi, MI 48375 (248) 478-1616 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-8pm (Sat.) 8am-4pm

Pontiac

1915 N Perry St Pontiac, MI 48340 (348) 276-3999 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-9pm (Sat.) 9am-1pm

Southfield

26185 Greenfield Rd Southfield, MI 48075 (248) 569-2040 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-7pm (Sat.) 9am-1pm

Sterling Heights

39333 Van Dyke Ave Sterling Heights, MI 48313 (586) 977-1510 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-7pm (Sat.) 8am-4pm

Troy

627 E Maple Rd Ste. 200 Troy, MI 48083 (248) 524-1912 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-7pm (Sat.) 9am-1pm

Warren

11569 E 12 Mile Rd Warren, MI 48093 (586) 582-0018 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-7pm (Sat.) 8am-4pm (Sun.) 10am-4pm

Woodhaven

19200 West Road Woodhaven, MI 48183 (734) 287-3415 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-9pm (Sat.) 8am-4pm

CONCENTRA LOCATIONS / GRAND RAPIDS AREA

Alpine

2331 Alpine Ave NW Grand Rapids, MI 49544 (616) 785-2619 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 8am-8pm

Kentwood

436 44th St SE Ste. A Grand Rapids, MI 49548 (616) 531-9750 **Hours:** (Mon. – Fri.) 7am-7pm (Sat.) 8am-2pm



BNPNS Never-Seez Pure Nickel Special

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Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name Product Code Never-Seez Pure Nickel Special BNPNS

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended use	Lubricants, greases, release products.
Uses Advised Against	No information available

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Responsible Party

Bostik Inc. 11320 W. Watertown Plank Road Wauwatosa, Wisconsin 53226 USA Phone: +1 (800) 843-0844 (Domestic Toll Free) Phone: +1 (414) 774-2250 (International) Fax: +1 (414) 774-8075

E-mail msds@bostik-us.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Telephone: 1-800-227-0332 (Outside U.S.) 1-703-527-3887

Section 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1

2.2. Label Elements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER

Hazard statements May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of causing cancer Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

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Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention Specific treatment (see first aid measures on this label) IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Unknown acute toxicity

3.03% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

2.3. Other Information

No information available.

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

<u>Mixtures</u>

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Graphite	7782-42-5	10 - 30
Nickel	7440-02-0	10 - 30
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 - 5

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

BNPNS			
Never-Seez	Pure	Nickel	Special

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4.1. Description of First Aid Measu	res	
General Advice	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. May cause sensitization by skin contact.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Self-protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.	
4.2. Most Important Symptoms and	Effects, Both Acute and Delayed	
Symptoms	No information available.	
4.3. Indication of Any Immediate M	edical Attention and Special Treatment Needed	
Note to physicians	May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.	
4.4. Reference to Other Sections		
Reference to Other Sections	Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Section 11: TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION	
Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING M	IEASURES	
5.1. Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media Use extinguishing measures that are	appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

Explosion Data	
Sonsitivity to	Moch

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full

None. None.

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protective gear.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures **Personal Precautions** Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. 6.2. Environmental Precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do **Environmental Precautions** not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. 6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning up **Methods for Containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Methods for Cleaning up Use personal protective equipment as required. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. 6.4. Reference to other sections **Reference to Other Sections** Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling Use personal protective equipment as required. Handle in accordance with good industrial Advice on Safe Handling hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities Storage Conditions Keep out of the reach of children. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. **Incompatible Materials** None known based on information supplied. 7.3. Specific End Use(s) No information available. **Other Information** 7.4. References to Other Sections

Reference to Other Sections Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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8.1. Control Parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH IDLH	OSHA PEL	Mexico
Graphite	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ respirable	IDLH: 1250 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
7782-42-5	particulate matter all forms	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ natural	synthetic	
	except graphite fibers	respirable dust	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable	
			fraction synthetic	
			TWA: 15 mppcf natural	
Nickel	TWA: 1.5 mg/m ³ inhalable	IDLH: 10 mg/m ³ IDLH: 10	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
7440-02-0	particulate matter	mg/m³ Ni		
		TWA: 0.015 mg/m ³ TWA:		
		0.015 mg/m ³ except Nickel		
		carbonyl Ni		
Aluminum	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ respirable	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ total dust	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 5
7429-90-5	particulate matter	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable	mg/m³
		dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ Al	fraction	

Chemical Name	Argentina	Brazil	Chile	Venezuela
Graphite	TWA: 2 mg/m ³	-	TWA: 1.6 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
7782-42-5				
Nickel	TWA: 1.5 mg/m ³	-	TWA: 0.8 mg/m ³	TWA: 1.5 mg/m ³
7440-02-0	_			_
Aluminum	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 5	-	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ TWA: 4	TWA: 10 mg/m ³
7429-90-5	mg/m ³		mg/m³	_

8.2. Exposure Controls

Engineering Controls

	Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.
Personal protective equipment [F	PE]
Eye/Face Protection	Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin and Body Protection	Wear suitable chemical resistant gloves. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and various manufacturers.
Respiratory Protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.
General Hygiene Consideration	ons Use personal protective equipment as required. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Showers

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Solid
Appearance	Paste
Color	Grey
Odor	Petroleum
Odor Threshold	No information available

Values

Property рΗ

Remarks • Method No information available

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Melting Point/Freezing Point	No information available
Boiling Point	No information available
Flash Point	246.1 °C / 475 °F
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available
Flammability Limit in Air	
Upper Flammability Limit	No information available
Lower Flammability Limit	No information available
Vapor Pressure	No information available
Vapor Density	No information available
Relative Density	No information available
Water Solubility	No information available
Solubility in Other Solvents	
Partition Coefficient	No information available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	No information available
Kinematic Viscosity	No information available
Dynamic Viscosity	No information available
Explosive Properties	No information available
Oxidizing Properties	No information available
9.2. Other Information	
Softening Point	No information available
Molecular Weight	No information available
Solvent Content (%)	No information available
Solid Content (%)	100.0
Density	1.280 g/cm ³
VOC	No information available

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

None known based on information supplied.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

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Section 11: TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information	No Data Available
Inhalation	No Data Available.
Eye contact	No Data Available.
Skin Contact	No Data Available.
Ingestion	No Data Available.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Nickel	> 9000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
7440-02-0			
Aluminum	LD50 >10,000 mg/Kg (Rat)(OECD	-	-
7429-90-5	Guideline 401)		

Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Symptoms Skin Corrosion/Irritation	No information available. No information available.
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	No information available.
Irritation	No information available.
Corrosivity	No information available.
Sensitization	No information available.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No information available.
Reproductive Toxicity	No information available.
Developmental Toxicity	No information available.
Teratogenicity	No information available.
STOT - Single Exposure	No information available.
STOT - Repeated Exposure	No information available.
Chronic Toxicity	Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons. Avoid repeated exposure.
Target Organ Effects	Central Vascular System (CVS), Eyes, Lungs, Nasal Cavities, Respiratory system, Skin.
Aspiration Hazard	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Nickel	-	Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	Х
7440-02-0				

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP (National Toxicology Program) Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Microorganisms		Chemical Name	Algae/Aquatic Plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
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Nickel	EC50 72 h = 0.18 mg/L	LC50 96 h > 100 mg/L	EC50 48 h > 100 mg/L
7440-02-0	(Pseudokirchneriella	(Brachydanio rerio) LC50 96	(Daphnia magna) EC50 48
	subcapitata) EC50 96 h	h = 1.3 mg/L (Cyprinus	h = 1 mg/L (Daphnia magna
	0.174 - 0.311 mg/L	carpio semi-static) LC50 96	Static)
	(Pseudokirchneriella	h = 10.4 mg/L (Cyprinus	
	subcapitata)	carpio static)	

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

No information available.

12.4. Mobility in Soil

No information available.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes	It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations

Section 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT

	UN/ID No	UN3077
	Proper Shipping Name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Nickel), Marine Pollutant
	Hazard Class	9
	Packing Group	
	Special Provisions	146, 335, A112, B54, B120, IB8, IP3, N20, N91, T1, TP33, 8
	Description	UN3077, Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Nickel), 9, III, Marine Pollutant
	Emergency Response Guide	171
	Number	
	T A	
IA		
	UN/ID NO Dronor Chimping Nome	UN3077
	Proper Snipping Name	Environmentally nazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Nickel)
	Hazard Class	9
	Facking Group	
	ERG CODE	9L A159 A170 A07 A107
	Special Provisions	A150, A179, A97, A197 LN2077 Environmentally becordeus substance solid n.e.s. (Nieks), 0. III
	Description	UN3077, Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, h.o.s. (Nickel), 9, III
ім	DG	
	UN/ID No	UN3077
	Proper Shipping Name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Nickel), Marine Pollutant
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Hazard Class	9
Packing Group	III
EmS-No	F-A, S-F
Special Provisions	274, 335, 966, 967, 969
Description	UN3077, Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Nickel), 9, III, Marine
·	Pollutant

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Global Inventories

TSCA	Listed
DSL	Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List

Listed - The components of this product are either listed or exempt from listing on inventory.

Not Listed - One or more components of this product are not listed on inventory.

<u>Canada</u>

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS Hazard Class

D2A - Very toxic materials



SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.
Nickel	7440-02-0
Aluminum	7429-90-5

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

yes
yes
No
No
No

California Proposition 65

This product contains one or more of the substances listed on Proposition 65 at or above 0.01 wt. %

Chemical Name	CAS No.
Nickel	7440-02-0

Europe

Restrictions of Use of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU

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This product does not contain Lead (7439-92-1), Cadmium (7440-43-9), Mercury (7439-97-6), Hexavalent chromium (7440-47-3), Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) above the regulated limit mentioned in this regulation.

EU-REACH (1907/2006) - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) for Authorization in accordance with Article 59

This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >=0.1% (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59)

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Product(s) Covered

BNPNS1-BTC12	PURE NI SPL 12/1#BT NSBT16N
BNPNS1-FTC12	PURE NI SPL 12/1#FT NSN165
BNPNS425D1	PURE NI SPL 425#D NSN425B
BNPNS42PS1	PURE NI SPL 42#PS NSN42B
BNPNS8-FTC4	PURE NI SPL 4/8#FT NSN8
BNPNS8BTC12	PURE NI SPL 12/80Z BT NSBT8N

HMIS Health Hazards 2* Flammability 1 Physical Hazards 0 Personal Protection X

Key or Legend to Abbreviations and Acronyms Used in the Safety Data Sheet No information available

Key Literature References and Sources for Data

No information available

Prepared By	Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs
Revision Date	21-Apr-2017
Revision Note	SDS sections updated, 1, 4, 6, 7, 8, 16.
Training Advice	No information available
Additional information	No information available

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



SAFETY DATA SHEET

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: GREAT STUFF™ Gaps & Cracks Insulating Foam Sealant 12oz HC ES QP

Issue Date: 01/06/2016

Print Date: 01/07/2016

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: GREAT STUFF™ Gaps & Cracks Insulating Foam Sealant 12oz HC ES QP

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: Polyurethane foam.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY 2030 WILLARD H DOW CENTER MIDLAND MI 48674-0000 UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number:

800-258-2436 SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300 Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200. Flammable aerosols - Category 2 Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation Skin irritation - Category 2 Eye irritation - Category 2 Eye irritation - Category 2B Respiratory sensitisation - Category 1 Skin sensitisation - Category 1 Effects on or via lactation Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2 - Inhalation

Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word: DANGER!

Hazards

Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin and eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause harm to breast-fed children. May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Avoid contact during pregnancy/ while nursing. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Polyurethane prepolymer

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer	57029-46-6	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer	53862-89-8	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate	13674-84-5	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated	63449-39-8	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %
Isobutane	75-28-5	>= 7.0 - <= 13.0 %
Methyl ether	115-10-6	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %
Propane	74-98-6	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %

Note

Note: CAS 101-68-8 is an MDI isomer that is part of CAS 9016-87-9.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin contact: Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. An MDI skin decontamination study demonstrated that cleaning very soon after exposure is important, and that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help. Treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and oral or parenteral corticosteroids. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. Exposure may increase "myocardial irritability". Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs such as epinephrine unless absolutely necessary. If you are sensitized to diisocyanates, consult your physician regarding working with other respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use direct water stream. Straight or direct water streams may not be effective to extinguish fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Isocyanates. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen cyanide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Contains flammable propellant. Aerosol cans exposed to fire can rupture and become flaming projectiles. Propellant release may result in a fireball. Vapors are

heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Water may not be effective in extinguishing fire. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Eliminate ignition sources. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and fire-affected zone until fire is out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep personnel out of confined or poorly ventilated areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Confined space entry procedures must be followed before entering the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Vapor explosion hazard. Keep out of sewers. See Section 10 for more specific information. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Use non-sparking tools in cleanup operations. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Milsorb®. Sand. Sawdust. Vermiculite. See Section 10 for more specific information. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapor. Never use air pressure for transferring product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep out of reach of children. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel a long distance

and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use of non-sparking or explosion-proof equipment may be necessary, depending upon the type of operation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Minimize sources of ignition, such as static build-up, heat, spark or flame. Store in a dry place. See Section 10 for more specific information.

Storage stability

Storage temperature:	Storage Period:
25 °C (77 °F)	12 Month

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl	Dow IHG	TWA	0.005 ppm
diisocyanate			
-	Dow IHG	STEL	0.02 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	0.005 ppm
	OSHA Z-1	С	0.2 mg/m3 0.02 ppm
	NIOSH REL	TWA	0.05 mg/m3 0.005 ppm
	NIOSH REL	С	0.2 mg/m3 0.02 ppm
Isobutane	ACGIH	STEL	1,000 ppm
Methyl ether	US WEEL	TWA	1,000 ppm
Propane	ACGIH		Asphyxiant
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	1,800 mg/m3 1,000
			ppm

This material contains a simple asphyxiant which may displace oxygen. Insure adequate ventilation to prevent an oxygen deficient atmosphere.

The minimum requirement of 19.5% oxygen at sea level (148 torr O2, dry air) provides an adequate amount of oxygen for most work assignments.

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations. Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people working at this point. The odor and irritancy of this material are inadequate to warn of excessive exposure. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove

barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Viton. Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When atmospheric levels may exceed the exposure guideline, use an approved airpurifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor sorbent and a particle filter. For situations where the atmospheric levels may exceed the level for which an air-purifying respirator is effective, use a positive-pressure air-supplying respirator (air line or self-contained breathing apparatus). For emergency response or for situations where the atmospheric level is unknown, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained areas or positive pressure air supply.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance **Physical state** Foam Color Yellow Odor Mild **Odor Threshold** No test data available pН Not applicable Melting point/range No test data available Freezing point No test data available Boiling point (760 mmHg) Not applicable Flash point closed cup -104 °C (-155 °F) Closed Cup **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** No test data available = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Lower explosion limit No test data available Upper explosion limit No test data available Vapor Pressure 1,151 hPa at 55 °C (131 °F) Not reported Container is under pressure. Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) No test data available Relative Density (water = 1) 1.06 Estimated. Water solubility Insoluble Partition coefficient: n-No data available octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties Molecular weight No test data available No test data available Not applicable Not explosive No No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7. Unstable at elevated temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can occur. Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose and generate gas. This can cause pressure build-up and/or rupturing of closed containers. Acids.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid temperatures above 50 °C Elevated temperatures can cause container to vent and/or rupture. Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Acids. Alcohols. Amines. Ammonia. Bases. Metal compounds. Strong oxidizers. Products based on diisocyanates like TDI and MDI react with many materials to release heat. The reaction rate increases with temperature as well as with increased contact; these reactions can become violent. Contact is increased by stirring or if the other material acts as a solvent. Products based on diisocyanates such as TDI and MDI are not soluble in water and will sink to the bottom, but react slowly at the interface. The reaction forms carbon dioxide gas and a layer of solid polyurea. Reaction with water will generate carbon dioxide and heat.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Observations in animals include: Gastrointestinal irritation.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity

In confined or poorly ventilated areas, vapor can easily accumulate and can cause unconsciousness and death due to displacement of oxygen. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. May cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs.) Effects may be delayed. May cause central nervous system depression. Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed. Excessive exposure may increase sensitivity to epinephrine and increase myocardial irritability (irregular heartbeats). Decreased lung function has been associated with overexposure to isocyanates.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness. Material may stick to skin causing irritation upon removal. May stain skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Sensitization

Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction. Animal studies have shown that skin contact with isocyanates may play a role in respiratory sensitization.

May cause allergic respiratory reaction.

MDI concentrations below the exposure guidelines may cause allergic respiratory reactions in individuals already sensitized.

Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation. Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract and lungs has been observed in laboratory animals after repeated excessive exposures to MDI/polymeric MDI aerosols.

Carcinogenicity

Lung tumors have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to respirable aerosol droplets of MDI/Polymeric MDI (6 mg/m3) for their lifetime. Tumors occurred concurrently with respiratory

irritation and lung injury. Current exposure guidelines are expected to protect against these effects reported for MDI.

Teratogenicity

In laboratory animals, MDI/polymeric MDI did not cause birth defects; other fetal effects occurred only at high doses which were toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on information for component(s): May cause harm to breastfed babies.

Mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative for component(s) tested. Genetic toxicity data on MDI are inconclusive. MDI was weakly positive in some in vitro studies; other in vitro studies were negative. Animal mutagenicity studies were predominantly negative.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 0.49 mg/l

For similar material(s): 2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS 5873-54-1). LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, Aerosol, 0.31 mg/l

For similar material(s): 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8). LC50, Rat, 1 Hour, Aerosol, 2.24 mg/l

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, Rat, 1 Hour, dust/mist, 2.24 mg/l

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 7 mg/l

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Acute inhalation toxicity The LC50 has not been determined.

Isobutane

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, Mouse, 1 Hour, 52 mg/l

Methyl ether

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, gas, 164000 ppm

<u>Propane</u>

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 425000 ppm

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute toxicity to fish

The measured ecotoxicity is that of the hydrolyzed product, generally under conditions maximizing production of soluble species. Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). Based on information for a similar material: LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on information for a similar material: EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on information for a similar material: NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 1,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria

Based on information for a similar material: EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

EC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), Based on information for a similar material:, 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial plants

EC50, Avena sativa (oats), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l EC50, Lactuca sativa (lettuce), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute toxicity to fish

The measured ecotoxicity is that of the hydrolyzed product, generally under conditions maximizing production of soluble species.

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). Based on information for a similar material: LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on information for a similar material: EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on information for a similar material: NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 1,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria

Based on information for a similar material: EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

EC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), Based on information for a similar material:, 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial plants

EC50, Avena sativa (oats), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l EC50, Lactuca sativa (lettuce), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Acute toxicity to fish

For this family of materials: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), static test, 96 Hour, 84 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 131 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 82 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, Respiration inhibition, 3 Hour, 784 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 32 mg/l LOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, > 32 mg/l

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 0.1 mg/l

Isobutane

Acute toxicity to fish

No relevant data found.

Methyl ether

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). LC50, Poecilia reticulata (guppy), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 4,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 4,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Propane

Acute toxicity to fish No relevant data found.

Persistence and degradability

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Biodegradability: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates. 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Biodegradability: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates. 10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 0 % **Exposure time:** 28 d **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Biodegradability: For this family of materials: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Biodegradability: Expected to degrade slowly in the environment.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 14 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 95 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302A or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.17 mg/mg

Photodegradation Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitizer: OH radicals Atmospheric half-life: 0.24 d Method: Estimated.

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Biodegradability: Expected to degrade slowly in the environment.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.89 mg/mg

Isobutane

Biodegradability: Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.58 mg/mg

Photodegradation Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitizer: OH radicals Atmospheric half-life: 4.4 d Method: Estimated.

Methyl ether

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.08 mg/mg

Photodegradation Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitizer: OH radicals Atmospheric half-life: 6.4 d Method: Estimated.

Propane

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.64 mg/mg

Photodegradation Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitizer: OH radicals Atmospheric half-life: 8.4 d Method: Estimated.

Bioaccumulative potential

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Reacts with water. In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas. **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 92 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 28 d

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Reacts with water. In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas. **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 92 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 28 d

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Bioaccumulation: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.59 Measured **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.8 - 4.6 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 42 d Measured

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater than 7).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 7.4 Estimated.

Isobutane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 2.76 Measured

Methyl ether

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.10 Measured

Propane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.36 Measured

Mobility in soil

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

No relevant data found.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Potential for mobility in soil is slight (Koc between 2000 and 5000). **Partition coefficient(Koc):** 1300 Estimated.

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000). Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. **Partition coefficient(Koc):** > 5000 Estimated.

Isobutane

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient(Koc):** 35 Estimated.

Methyl ether

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient(Koc):** 1.29 - 14 Estimated.

Propane

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient(Koc):** 24 - 460 Estimated.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and

compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	
Reportable Quantity	MDI
Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):
Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	
Marine pollutant	Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated
Transport in bulk	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk
according to Annex I or II	
of MARPOL 73/78 and the	
IBC or IGC Code	
Classification for AIR transport (I	ATA/ICAO):
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard Fire Hazard

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372. CASRN

Components

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	CASRN
Isobutane	75-28-5
Methyl ether	115-10-6
Propane	74-98-6

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision

Identification Number: 101265380 / A001 / Issue Date: 01/06/2016 / Version: 8.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

U	
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Asphyxiant	Asphyxiant
С	Ceiling

Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
NIOSH REL	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier	
Product Name	GASOILA® HARD SET.
Other means of Identification	
Product Code	BT04, BT08, BT16, FT32, FT28.
Recommended Use	Pipe Thread Sealant.
Recommended Restrictions	None Known.
Manufacturer	
Company Name Address	Federal Process Corporation 4520 Richmond Road Cleveland OH 44128
Telephone	1-800-846-7325
Emergency Telephone Number:	Call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

Classification:

Flammable	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1

Signal Word:

Hazard Statements:

Warning







H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 – Toxic if swallowed.

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

Revised: 1 st May, 2015 Page 1 of 8

Precautionary Statements:

GASOILA®HARD SET

Prevention:	 P210 – Keep away heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P264 – Wash skin thoroughly after using. P270 – Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P272 – Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
<u>Response:</u>	P305 + P351 + P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P301 + P310 + P330 – IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth.
	P337 + P313–If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	P332 + P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Disposal:	P 501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Other Hazards:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Unknown Acute Toxicity:	2% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Section 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	25.0 - 35.0
Resin	9000-59-3	22.0 - 30.0

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:	
Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.
Skin Contact	If skin irritation occurs, rinse affected area with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

GASOILA®HARD SET

Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious individual.	
Most Important Symptoms and effects:		
Symptoms	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Do NOT ingest.	

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and other protective clothing. (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Methods for Containment: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up: Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:
GASOILA®HARDSET

of

Advice on Safe Handling:	Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Contaminated work-clothing should not be allowed out the workplace.
Conditions for Safe Storage, including Any Incompatibilities:	
Storage Conditions:	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store near heat, sparks, or open flames. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
Incompatible Materials:	None known based on information supplied.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	OSHA TWA
Methyl alcohol (CAS 67-56-1)	200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm 260 mg/m3
Resin (CAS 9000-59-3)	N/A	N/A	N/A

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Engineering Controls:Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.Individual Protection Measures, such as
Personal Protective Equipment:Eye/Face Protection:Avoid contact with eyes.Skin and Body Protection:No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.Respiratory Protection:Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. If confined in poorly ventilated areas
use NIOSH/MSHAGeneral Hygiene Considerations:Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash exposed areas
thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking or leaving work area. Launder contaminated

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:	
Appearance:	
Color:	

Liquid. Viscous liquid. Red paste.

clothing before reusing.

Odor: Mild. Odor Threshold: Not available.

> Revised: 1 st May, 2015 Page 4 of 8

Property pH Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range

Flash Point **Evaporation Rate** Flammability (Solid, Gas) Upper Flammability Limit Lower Flammability Limit Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity Water Solubility Solubility in other Solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Kinematic Viscosity **Explosive Properties** Oxidizing Properties

 $\frac{Values}{N/A}$ Not determined. Not determined.

GASOILA®HARD SET

88F (31C) Closed Cup. Not determined. n/a-liquid Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. 1.105 Slight. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Not reactive under normal conditions.
Chemical Stability:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	None under normal processing.
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep out of reach of children.
Incompatible Materials:	None known.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Oxides of carbon

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

Eye Contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin Contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	GASOILA®HARD SET
Inhalation:	Avoid breathing vapors or mists.	
Ingestion:	Do not taste or swallow.	

Component Information:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Methyl alcohol	2,769 mg/kg (Rat)	17,100 mg/kg	128.2 mg/L
(67-56-1)	3,600 mg/kg (Mouse)	(Rabbit)	(Rat)
Resin	N/D	N/D	N/D
(9000-59-3)			

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects:

Symptoms:

Please section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as Well as Chronic Effects From Short and Long Term Exposure:

Sensitization:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity:

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Methyl/ alcohol (67-56-1)	NO	NO	NO	NO
Resin (9000-59-3)	NO	NO	NO	NO

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer).

Group3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens".

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Not Determined.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

GASOILA®HARDSET

Ecotoxicity:

Toxic to aquatic life with lasting effects.

Persistence/Degradability:

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	EC50/96 hours Scenedesmus subspicatus 22,000 mg/L	LC50/96 hours Blue gill; 15,4000 mg/l	N/D	N/D
Resin (9000-59-3)	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation:	Not determined.
Mobility:	Not determined.
Other Adverse Effects:	Not determined.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Method:	
Disposal of Wastes:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated Packaging:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT:	Consumer Commodity ORM-D.
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Consumer Commodity ORM-D.
CONTAINERS 1 GALLON AND OVER: DOT HAZARD CLASS: PROPER SHIPPING NAME: IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS N.O.S. (contains Methanol) FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S. (contains Methanol) UN1993, III

IATA:

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GASOILA®HARD SET

IMDG:

This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant.

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories:	Not determined.
U.S. Federal Regulations:	Not determined.
SARA Title 313:	Not determined.
U.S. State Regulations:	
U.S Right-to-Know Regulations:	Not determined.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA:	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	2	2	0	Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards 2	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined

Issue Date: 1St March 2014

Revision Date: 1st May 2015

DISCLAIMER:

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Product Name GASOILA® SOFT SET. Other means of Identification Product Code SS01, SS02, SS04, SS08, SS16, SS32, SB32, SS28.. Recommended Use Pipe Thread Sealant. None Known. Recommended Restrictions Manufacturer Company Name Federal Process Corporation Address 4520 Richmond Road Cleveland OH 44128 Telephone 1-800-846-7325 Emergency Telephone Number: Call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

Classification:

Flammable	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1

Signal Word:

Warning





Hazard Statements:

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 – Harmful if swallowed.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

Precautionary	Statements:
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GASOILA®SOFT SET

Prevention:	 P210 – Keep away heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P272 – Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
<u>Response:</u>	P305 + P351 + P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P301 + P331 + P310 – IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	P337 + P313–If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	P332 + P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Disposal:	P501- Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Other Hazards:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Unknown Acute Toxicity:	2% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Section 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	<8.0
2 butoxyethanol	111-76-2	<5.0

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.
Skin Contact	If skin irritation occurs, rinse affected area with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

GASOILA®SOFT SET Do NOT induce vomiting Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious individual.

Most Important Symptoms and effects:

Symptoms

Ingestion

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Do NOT ingest.

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and other protective clothing. (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:			
Personal Precautions:	Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep unnecessary personnel away.		
Methods and Material for Contain	ment and Cleaning Up:		
Methods for Containment:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods for Clean-Up:	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.		

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Advice on Safe Handling:

Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Contaminated work-clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

GASOILA®SOFT SET Revised: 1 st May, 2015 Page 3 of 8

Conditions for Safe Storage, including Any Incompatibilities:

Storage Conditions:	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store near heat, sparks, or open flames. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
Incompatible Materials:	None known based on information supplied.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	OSHA TWA
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	200 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm
2 butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	20 ppm	200 mg/g	Х

Appropriate Engineering Controls:	
Engineering Controls:	Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.
Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment:	5
Eye/Face Protection:	Avoid contact with eyes.
Skin and Body Protection:	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.
Respiratory Protection:	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. If confined in poorly ventilated areas use NIOSH/MSHA
General Hygiene Considerations:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reusing.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Appearance: Color:	Liquid. Viscous liquid. Blue green.	Odor: Odor Threshold:	Mild alcoholic. Not available.
<u>Property</u> pH Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range	<u>Values</u> N/A Not determined. Not determined.		

GASOILA®SOFT SET

Flash Point	98
Evaporation Rate	Nc
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	n/a
Upper Flammability Limit	Nc
Lower Flammability Limit	Nc
Vapor Pressure	Nc
Vapor Density	Nc
Specific Gravity	1.4
Water Solubility	Nc
Solubility in other Solvents	Nc
Partition Coefficient	
(n-octanol/water)	Nc
Auto-ignition Temperature	Nc
Decomposition Temperature	Nc
Kinematic Viscosity	Nc
Explosive Properties	Nc
Oxidizing Properties	Nc

F (37C) Closed Cup. ot determined. a-liquid ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. 14 one. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Not reactive under normal conditions.
Chemical Stability:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	None under normal processing.
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep out of reach of children.
Incompatible Materials:	None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon.

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

Eye Contact:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

GASOILA®SOFT SET

Inhalation:

Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Ingestion:

Do not taste or swallow.

Component Information:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Isopropyl alcohol	4,396 mg/kg (Rat)	12,870 mg/kg	19,600 ppm
(67-63-0)	3,600 mg/kg (Mouse)	(Rabbit)	(Rat)
2 butoxyethanol	1,300mg/g (Rat)	>2,000 mg/g (Rat)	>4.9 mg/L (Rat 3 h)
(111-76-2)	1,400 mg/g (Guinea Pig)	>2,000 mg/g (Guinea Pig)	>3.4 mg/L (Guinea Pig 1h)

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects:

Symptoms:

Please section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as Well as Chronic Effects From Short and Long Term Exposure:

Sensitization:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity:

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	NO	NO	NO	NO
2 butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	NO	NO	NO	NO

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer).

Group3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens". OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor) X - Present

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Not Determined.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Toxic to aquatic life with lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	EC50/72 hours Scenedesmus subspicatus >1,000 mg/L	LC50/96 hours Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L	EC50/3 hours Activated sludge >1,000 mg/L	N/A
2 butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	EC50 Algae (Pseudokircheriella subcapitata, 72h) 1,840 mg/L	LC50/96 hours Oncorhynchus mykiss, 1,474 mg/L		

Persistence/Degradability:

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation:	Not determined.
Mobility:	Not determined.
Other Adverse Effects:	Not determined.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Method:

Disposal of Wastes:Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws
and regulations.Contaminated Packaging:Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws
and regulations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Consumer Commodity ORM-D.

Consumer Commodity ORM-D.

DOT:

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

CONTAINERS 1 GALLON AND OVER: DOT HAZARD CLASS: PROPER SHIPPING NAME: IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

IATA: IMDG:

DO NOT SHIP BY AIR.

UN1993, III

This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant.

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS N.O.S. (contains Alcohol) 3

FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S. (contains Alcohol) 3

Revised: 1 st May, 2015 Page 7 of 8

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories:	Not determined.
U.S. Federal Regulations:	Not determined.
SARA Title 313:	Not determined.
U.S. State Regulations:	
U.S Right-to-Know Regulations:	Not determined.

GASOILA®SOFT SET

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA:	Health Hazards 1	Flammability 2	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	1	2	0	Not determined

Issue Date: 1St March 2014

Revision Date: 1st May 2015

DISCLAIMER:

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



Safety Data Sheet

SDS ID: Stock Code 400-403, 400-404, 400-405 Revision date: January 26, 2015 Section 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:Jomar "Hi-Temp" Anti-Seize/Thread SealantSynonyms:NoneChemical family:N/AProducer:Jomar Group7243 Miller DriveWarren, MI 48092

Telephone:586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Emergency: 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

May cause skin irritation.

Precautionary Statements: Prolonged and repeated contact with the product may cause a defatting of the skin, dermatitis, folliculitis and/or oil acne. Preexisting eye or skin disorders may be aggravated by prolonged contact with this product. See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

- **Inhalation:** Not an expected route of entry.
- **Ingestion:** This product may be absorbed by the digestive system. Ingestion can result in both acute and chronic overexposure.
- Skin contact: May cause irritation.

Eye contact: Contact with eyes may cause eye irritation.

Carcinogenic: N/A

Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material information:

Name	CAS No.	Weight %
Lubricating greases	74869-21-9	50-70
Copper	7440-50-8	7-13
Lime	1305-78-8	1-5

***Note:** The above weight percentages are represented in ranges as estimates. Due to variation among production batches, component percentages may vary.

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES



Inhalation:	Remove from exposure. Get medical attention if experiencing cough,
	irritation or difficult breathing.

- **Skin contact:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.
- Ingestion: Get immediate medical attention. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Possible aspiration hazard.
- **Eye contact:** Flush with copious amounts of water. Get immediate medical attention.
- Notes to The hydrocarbons contained in this product are mild irritants of the eyes and
 Physician: mucous membranes, central nervous system depressants, and primary chemical irritants of the skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact, especially with poor personal hygiene, may cause skin disorders.

Section 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable
for extinguishingDry chemical, water fog, foam or carbon dioxide may be suitable
extinguishing fires involving this product.media:

Specific hazards: Combustion products are highly dependent on the combustion conditions. CO, CO2, CaO, oxygenates and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion. High temperatures may produce metal fume, vapor, and/or dust. Combustion products may cause effects of overexposure as noted in Section 2 Hazards Identification. They may also cause headache; dizziness; coma; convulsion; weakness; drowsiness; tachypnea; nausea; paresthesia; dyspnea; asphyxiation; mild to serve eye, skin or respiratory tract irritation; metal fume fever; metallic taste in mouth; cough; pneumonia; pneumoconiosis; ulceration or perforation of the nasal septum and/or lung damage. Product fume and/or vapor may be irritating or toxic if inhaled. The product or its dust, can react vigorously with strong oxidizing agents.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: Use full-body protection and full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus operated in a positive pressure mode. Use water

spray (fog) to cool containers and disperse vapors.





Section 6. AC	CIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal Precautions:	Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.
Large Spill:	Keep petroleum products out of streams and waterways. Assure conformity with applicable government regulations.
Methods for Containment and Clean up	Clean area with an appropriate cleanser.
Section 7. HA	NDLING AND STORAGE
Handling:	The two major means of metal absorption are inhalation and ingestion. After use, always wash hands before smoking, eating, or drinking. Smoking, eating, and drinking should be confined to uncontaminated areas. Work clothes and equipment should remain in designated areas. Before reuse, launder contaminated clothing separate from personal clothing. Avoid skin contact and use personal protection when handling product, waste product, or contaminated equipment. Wash with soap and water after use. Prolonged and repeated contact can cause defatting action of the skin and may cause disorders such as dramatis, folliculitis, and oil acne. This product is intended for industrial use only. Isolate from children and their environment. This product may separate. Stir well before use. The flash point of this product depends on the degree of separation.
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry area where accidental contact with acids is not possible. Do not store or handle near high temperature or open flame. Keep storage containers closed when not in use.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Name	CAS No.	ACGIH [®] TLV [®] Exposure Limits:	Federal OSHA PELs	OSHA PELs 1989
Copper	7440-50-8	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³	N/A	0.1
Lime	1305-78-8	TWA: 2 mg/m ³	N/A	5

All exposure limits listed are 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) — except where noted otherwise.

Time Weighted Average (TWA) is an average exposure over the course of an 8-hour work shift. A Short Term Exposure Limit TWA over the course of 15 minutes.



PEL — Permissible Exposure Limit is the maximum 8-hour TWA concentration of a chemical that a worker may be exposed to under Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations. Federal OSHA 1989 PELs were vacated but are in use and enforced by many state OSHA plans.

Engineering measures: No special ventilation requirements under conditions of normal use.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Respiratory protection:	No respiratory equipment is required for normal use.
Skin and body protection:	Clothing appropriate for an industrial environment should be worn.
Eye protection: Hygiene measures:	Vented goggles or safety glasses with side shields. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands immediately after handling the product

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Physical state (solid/liquid/gas):	Copper-black Solid
Substance type (pure/mixture):	Mixture
Color:	Copper-black
Odor:	Petroleum odor
Molecular weight:	Not available
pH:	Not applicable
Boiling point/range (5-95%):	228°C / 550°F
Melting point/range:	Not available
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Specific gravity:	1.2
Vapor density:	(AIR = 1) >1
Vapor pressure:	Not available
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate= 1):	<1
Flash point, method used:	196°C / 385°F, ASTM D 92, C.O.C.
Water solubility:	Negligible
VOC Content:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Flammable limits in air — lower (%):	Not available
Flammable limits in air — upper (%):	Not available

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No data available
Stability:	Not applicable
Possibly hazardous reactions:	Not applicable
Conditions to avoid:	Not applicable
Incompatible Materials:	Strong oxidizers or acids.



Hazardous decomposition products:

Under normal temperatures this product will not decompose Will not occur.

Polymerization:

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity: Product may cause irritation to the eyes and/or skin. Ingestion of the product may cause gastrointestinal irritation and upset.

Product information:

Name	CAS No.	Inhalation:	Dermal:	Oral: LD ₅₀
Lubricating greases	74869-21-9			2280 mg/kg (Rat)
Lime	1305-78-8			500 mg/kg (Rat)

 LD_{50} — The concentration of the chemical in air that kills 50% of the test animals in a given time (usually four hours).

Chronic toxicity: Passes IP 346 Method <3% DMSO – extractable components.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea
Lubricating greases		LC50> 2000 mg/L Salmo	
		gairdneri 96h	
Copper	EC50 = 120 mg/L 72 h	LC50 .0068 -0.0156 mg/L	EC50 = 0.03
		Pimephales promelas 96 h	mg/L 48 h
		LC50< 0.3 mg/L Pimephales	
		promelas 96 h	
		LC50= 0.052 mg/L	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h	
		LC50= 0.112 mg/L Poecilia	
		reticulata 96 h	
		LC50= 0.2 mg/L Pimephales	
		promelas 96 h	
		LC50= 0.3 mg/L Cyprinus	
		carpio 96 h	
		LC50= 0.8 mg/L Cyprinus	
		carpio 96 h	
		LC50= 1.25 mg/Lepomis	
		marcrochirus 96 h	
Lime		LC50= 1070 mg/L Cyprinus	
		carpio 96 h	

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cleanup considerations: Discard in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Empty containers are exempt from RCRA Subtitle C if they contain no more than 2.5 cm of their original contents in the bottom of the container or less than 3% of the original net weight (less than 0.3% by weight for containers over 110 gallons), or if the residue is analyzed and demonstrated to be nonhazardous.



"Empty" containers retain residue and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY AND/OR DEATH. "Empty" containers should be completely drained and properly sealed. Recycle or discard plastic liner, pail or drum in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. "Empty" drums may be sent to a drum reconditoner.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	Not regulated by Ground unless it is being shipped by vessel, then it may be classified on documentation as UN3077 Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, n.o.s. (Copper Metal Powder), Class 9, PGIII, Marine Pollutant. (Prepared incompliance with IMDG).
<u>TDG</u>	Not regulated by Ground unless it is being shipped by vessel, then it may be classified on documentation as UN3077 Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, n.o.s. (Copper Metal Powder), Class 9, PGIII, Marine Pollutant.
IATA	UN3077 Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, n.o.s. (Copper Metal Powder), Class 9, PGIII.
IMDG/IMO	UN3077, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, n.o.s. (Copper Metal Powder), Class 9, PGIII, Marine Pollutant.

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION									
Componen t	TSCA	DS L	NDS L	EINECS/ELINC S	ENC S	CHIN A	KEC L	PICC S	AIC S
Lubricating greases				278-011-7		Х		Х	
Copper	Presen t	Х		231-159-6		Х		Х	Х
Lime	Presen t	Х		215-138-9	Х	Х		Х	Х

U.S Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No



Reactive Hazard

No

<u>CERCLA</u>

Copper Hazardous Substances RQs = 5000

U.S State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

State Right-to-Know Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

Non-controlled

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Standards and Certification Listings:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests, data, and information resources believed to be reliable. However, the Jomar Group and its related operations or divisions do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness, nor shall any of this information constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety of goods, the merchantability of the goods or the fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. Jomar Group assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of this data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.



Safety Data Sheet

SDS ID: Stock Code 400-001, 400-002, 400-003, 400-004,400-005, 400-007

Revision date: February 4, 2015

Section 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:Jomar "Gimme the White Stuff" Thread SealantSynonyms:NoneChemical family:Pipe Thread Hydrocarbon MixtureProducer:Jomar Group7243 Miller DriveWarren, MI 48092

Telephone: 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Emergency: 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. High vapor concentrations may cause drowsiness and result in irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat and central nervous system (CNS) depression.

GHS Hazard and precautionary statements

WARNING — Serious Eye Irritation (category 2A), H319
 Skin Irritation (category 2), H315
 Acute oral toxicity (category 4), H302
 Acute inhalation toxicity (category 4), H332
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness (category 3), H336



Precautionary Statements

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P303 + P361: IF ON SKIN, immediately remove all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351: IF IN EYES, Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so, rinse with water for several minutes. P337 + P313: If eye or skin irritation persists – get medical advice/attention. P403 + P223: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. In high concentrations, vapors and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, central nervous system depression, fatigue, dizziness, and nausea. Severe overexposure may cause red blood cell damage.



Chronic: Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in blood, liver, or kidney damage. See Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for additional information.

- Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract, stomach pain, nausea, and vomiting.
- **Skin contact:** May be absorbed through the skin during prolonged or repeated contact, causing irritation, dermatitis, weakness, headache and nausea.
- **Eye contact:** Exposure to vapors or liquid may cause eye irritation.
- **Carcinogenic** The IARC and ACGIH designate Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) and Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) as category 3 – confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. The ACGIH designates Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) as category A3– confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material information:

Name	CAS No.	Weight %
Ethylene glycol butyl ether		
Synonym: 2-	111-76-2	12-17
Butoxyethanol		
Isopropyl alcohol	67 63 0	10 15
Synonym: 2-Propanol	07-03-0	10-15

***Note:** The above weight percentages are represented in ranges as estimates. Due to variation among production batches, component percentages may vary.

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Move exposed persons to fresh air. If the person is not breathing or breathing is irregular, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention.
Skin contact:	Quickly remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious and alert, rinse the mouth with water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Eye contact:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately consult physician after flushing eyes with tepid water for 15 minutes.
Section 5 FIRE	FIGHTING MEASURES



Suitable spray, extinguishing this will spread media:	Small fires — Class B fire-extinguishing media including water foam, CO ₂ or dry powder. Do not use a water stream, as the fire.
Specific hazards:	Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of product containers. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Application of extinguishing media to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products including carbon oxides may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Full protective equipment including selfcontained breathing apparatus should be used. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.



Section 6. AC	CIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal Precautions:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Evacuate any potentially affected area and isolate personnel from entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Vapor can collect in lower areas.
Large Spill:	Personnel must have appropriate training, per Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910.120. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment (Section 8).
Methods for Containment and Clean up	Shut off source if possible and if safe. Eliminate all ignition sources. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Advise applicable authorities if material has entered sewers or water courses.
Section 7. HA	NDLING AND STORAGE
Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Launder soiled clothing thoroughly before re-use.
Storage:	Keep all containers tightly closed when not in use. Store out of direct sunlight and on an impermeable floor. Do not store with incompatible materials. See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity.



Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Name	CAS No.	ACGIH [®] TLV [®] Exposure Limits:	Federal OSHA PELs	OSHA PELs 1989 ^c
Ethylene glycol butyl ether Synonym: 2- Butoxyethanol	111-76- 2	20 ppm ^A	50 ppm ^A	25 ppm ^A
Isopropyl alcohol Synonym: 2-Propanol	67-63-0	200 ррт ^А 400 ррт ^в	400 ppm ^A	400 ppm ^A 500 ppm ^в

All exposure limits listed are 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) — except where noted otherwise.

^A Time Weighted Average (TWA) is an average exposure over the course of an 8-hour work shift. ^B A Short Term Exposure Limit TWA over the course of 15 minutes.

PEL — Permissible Exposure Limit is the maximum 8-hour TWA concentration of a chemical that a worker may be exposed to under Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

^C Federal OSHA 1989 PELs were vacated but are in use and enforced by many state OSHA plans.

Engineering measures: Local exhaust ventilation is preferable. General ventilation is acceptable if exposure to materials in this section is maintained below applicable exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- **Respiratory protection:** When engineering controls are not sufficient to reduce exposure to levels below applicable exposure limits, seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. For concentrations less than 10 times the exposure limits, wear a properly fitted NIOSH/ MSHA-approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
- **Skin and body protection:** Wear impervious clothing and gloves to prevent contact. Use the manufacturer's degradation and permeation data for protective material selection.
- Eye protection:Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields, or
goggles.Hygiene measures:Avoid repeated or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands
before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities.
Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder
before reuse.Other precautions:Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and
inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

White paste



Physical state (solid/liquid/gas): Substance type (pure/mixture): Color: Odor:	Paste Mixture White Mild odor
Molecular weight:	Not Available
pH:	Not Applicable
Boiling point/range (5-95%):	Not Available
Melting point/range:	Not Available
Decomposition temperature:	Not Available
Specific gravity:	1.41
Vapor density:	(AIR = 1) <1
Vapor pressure:	0.88 mm Hg at 68°F
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate= 1):	0.6
Flash point, method used:	Above 200 °F; UN test N.1
Water solubility:	Slight
VOC Content:	310 grams/liter (SCAQMD Rule 1168 Test
Method316A)	
Auto-ignition temperature:	921°F; 494°C
Flammable limits in air — lower (%):	1.1
Flammable limits in air — upper (%):	12.7

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No data available
Stability: conditions.	Stable under recommended storage
Possibly hazardous reactions: air	Vapors may form an explosive mixture with
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, flames, sparks, temperature extremes, and direct sunlight.
Incompatible Materials: peroxides.	Strong oxides, chlorine, acids, alkalies,
Hazardous decomposition products: Polymerization:	By fire, Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide Will not occur.
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Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity: Excessive exposure leads to depression of the central nervous system. Causes eye irritation, moderate skin irritation.

Product information:

Name	CAS No.	Inhalation:	Dermal:	Oral:
Ethylene glycol butyl	111-76-2	LC_{50} (Rat): ~700 ppm,	LD ₅₀ (Rat) >2,000	Acute LD_{50} (Rat):1,746
ether		7 hours;	mg/kg	mg/kg
Synonym: 2-		LC_{50} (Guinea pig):	LD ₅₀ (Guinea pig)	Acute LD_{50} (Guinea
Butoxyethanol		~932 ppm, 4 hours;	>2,000 mg/kg	pig):1,414 mg/kg
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	LC ₅₀ (Rat): 16,000	LD ₅₀ (Rabbit)	LD ₅₀ (Rat) 5,000 to
Synonym: 2-Propanol		ppm, 8 hours	12,800 mg/kg	5,045 mg/kg



 LC_{50} — The concentration of the chemical in air that kills 50% of the test animals in a given time (usually four hours).

Chronic toxicity: The IARC and ACGIH designates Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxy-ethanol) and Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) as category 3 – confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. Repeated or prolonged exposure in excess of exposure limits in Section 8 may cause damage to the lungs, liver, blood, and kidney.

Sensitization: Not known to cause sensitization in humans.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects:	LC ₅₀ Harlequinfish, Red rasbora 96-hour 4,200 mg/l. LC ₅₀ Fathead minnow 96-hour 9,640 to 10,000 mg/l. EC ₅₀ Water flea 48-hour 1,550 mg/l.
Persistence	The estimated half-life (2-Butoxyethanol) in groundwater ranges from 14 days to 8 weeks; and in soil 7 days to 4 weeks.
Degradability:	Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cleanup considerations: This product is not a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA 40 CFR 261. Do not incinerate a closed container. Disposal of this material must be done in accordance with federal, state and/or local regulations. The material destined for disposal must be characterized properly and may differ from the product described in this SDS if mixed with other wastes.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Please refer to DOT regulation 49 CFR 172.101:

Transport information: This material is not regulated under DOT when transported via U.S. commerce routes: and IATA, and IMO via international routes

Hazardous Materials Description: (DOT and IATA):

UN/identification no.:	Not Applicable
Proper shipping name:	Not Applicable
Hazard class:	Not Applicable
Packing group:	Not Applicable
DOT reportable quantity (lbs.):	Not Applicable

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. federal regulatory information:

U.S. RCRA (40 CFR 261)

This product is not a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA 40 CFR 261.



State and community right-to-know regulations:

The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

U.S. TSCA Chemical inventory Section 8(b)

OSHA — This product is determined to be hazardous as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communications Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 FR 302.4): No ingredients are listed.

Some Components of this product are listed in the following sections of SARA: SARA Title III Section 302 — N/A SARA Title III Section 304 — N/A SARA Title III Section 313 — Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) 1% reporting threshold Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) 100 % reporting threshold SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21) Acute health hazard: Yes Chronic health hazard: Yes

Chronic nealth hazard:	Yes
Fire hazard:	No
Reactive Hazard:	No
Pressure Hazard:	No

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

WHMIS (Canada)

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects

NOTE: User must consult with applicable state and local agencies for special specifics, determinations or compliance obligations regarding this product.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Standards and Certification Listings:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests, data, and information resources believed to be reliable. However, the Jomar Group and its related operations or divisions do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness, nor shall any of this information constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety of goods, the merchantability of the goods or the fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. Jomar Group assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of this data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.



Safety Data Sheet

SDS ID: Stock Code 400-101, 400-102, 400-103, 400-104,400-105, 400-10[^] 400-107

Revision date: February 4, 2015

Section 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:Jomar "Gimme the Green Stuff" Thread SealantSynonyms:NoneChemical family:Pipe Thread Hydrocarbon MixtureProducer:Jomar Group7243 Miller DriveWarren, MI 48092

Telephone: 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Emergency: 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. High vapor concentrations may cause drowsiness and result in irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat and central nervous system (CNS) depression.

GHS Hazard and precautionary statements

WARNING — Serious Eye Irritation (category 2A), H319
 Skin Irritation (category 2), H315
 Acute oral toxicity (category 4), H302
 Acute inhalation toxicity (category 4), H332
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness (category 3), H336



Precautionary Statements

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P303 + P361: IF ON SKIN, immediately remove all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351: IF IN EYES, Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so, rinse with water for several minutes. P337 + P313: If eye or skin irritation persists – get medical advice/attention. P403 + P223: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. In high concentrations, vapors and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, central nervous system depression, fatigue, dizziness, and nausea. Severe overexposure may cause red blood cell damage.



Chronic: Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in blood, liver, or kidney damage. See Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for additional information.

- Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract, stomach pain, nausea, and vomiting.
- **Skin contact:** May be absorbed through the skin during prolonged or repeated contact, causing irritation, dermatitis, weakness, headache and nausea.
- **Eye contact:** Exposure to vapors or liquid may cause eye irritation.
- **Carcinogenic** The IARC and ACGIH designate Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) and Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) as category 3 – confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. The ACGIH designates Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) as category A3– confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material information:

Name	CAS No.	Weight %
Ethylene glycol butyl ether		
Synonym: 2-	111-76-2	12-17
Butoxyethanol		
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	10-15
Synonym: 2-Propanol	07-03-0	10-15

***Note:** The above weight percentages are represented in ranges as estimates. Due to variation among production batches, component percentages may vary.

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Move exposed persons to fresh air. If the person is not breathing or breathing is irregular, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention
Skin contact:	Quickly remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious and alert, rinse the mouth with water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Eye contact:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately consult physician after flushing eyes with tepid water for 15 minutes.
Section 5, FIRE	FIGHTING MEASURES



Suitable spray, extinguishing this will spread media:	Small fires — Class B fire-extinguishing media including water foam, CO ₂ or dry powder. Do not use a water stream, as the fire.
Specific hazards:	Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of product containers. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Application of extinguishing media to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products including carbon oxides may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Full protective equipment including selfcontained breathing apparatus should be used. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.



Section 6. AC	CIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal Precautions:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Evacuate any potentially affected area and isolate personnel from entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Vapor can collect in lower areas.
Large Spill:	Personnel must have appropriate training, per Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910.120. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment (Section 8).
Methods for Containment and Clean up	Shut off source if possible and if safe. Eliminate all ignition sources. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Advise applicable authorities if material has entered sewers or water courses.
Section 7. HA	NDLING AND STORAGE
Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Launder soiled clothing thoroughly before re-use.
Storage:	Keep all containers tightly closed when not in use. Store out of direct sunlight and on an impermeable floor. Do not store with incompatible materials. See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity.



Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Name	CAS No.	ACGIH [®] TLV [®] Exposure Limits:	Federal OSHA PELs	OSHA PELs 1989 ^c
Ethylene glycol butyl ether Synonym: 2- Butoxyethanol	111-76- 2	20 ppm ^A	50 ppm ^A	25 ppm ^A
Isopropyl alcohol Synonym: 2-Propanol	67-63-0	200 ррт ^А 400 ррт ^в	400 ppm ^A	400 ppm ^A 500 ppm ^в

All exposure limits listed are 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) — except where noted otherwise.

^A Time Weighted Average (TWA) is an average exposure over the course of an 8-hour work shift. ^B A Short Term Exposure Limit TWA over the course of 15 minutes.

PEL — Permissible Exposure Limit is the maximum 8-hour TWA concentration of a chemical that a worker may be exposed to under Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

^C Federal OSHA 1989 PELs were vacated but are in use and enforced by many state OSHA plans.

Engineering measures: Local exhaust ventilation is preferable. General ventilation is acceptable if exposure to materials in this section is maintained below applicable exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- **Respiratory protection:** When engineering controls are not sufficient to reduce exposure to levels below applicable exposure limits, seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. For concentrations less than 10 times the exposure limits, wear a properly fitted NIOSH/ MSHA-approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
- **Skin and body protection:** Wear impervious clothing and gloves to prevent contact. Use the manufacturer's degradation and permeation data for protective material selection.
- Eye protection:Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields, or
goggles.Hygiene measures:Avoid repeated or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands
before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities.
Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder
before reuse.Other precautions:Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and
inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Yellow paste



Physical state (solid/liquid/gas): Substance type (pure/mixture): Color: Odor:	Paste Mixture Yellow Mild odor
Molecular weight:	Not Available
pH:	Not Applicable
Boiling point/range (5-95%):	Not Available
Melting point/range:	Not Available
Decomposition temperature:	Not Available
Specific gravity:	1.41
Vapor density:	(AIR = 1) <1
Vapor pressure:	0.88 mm Hg at 68°F
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate= 1):	0.6
Flash point, method used:	Above 200 °F; UN test N.1
Water solubility:	Slight
VOC Content:	310 grams/liter (SCAQMD Rule 1168 Test
Method316A)	-
Auto-ignition temperature:	921°F; 494°C
Flammable limits in air — lower (%):	1.1
Flammable limits in air — upper (%):	12.7

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No data available
Stability: conditions.	Stable under recommended storage
Possibly hazardous reactions: air	Vapors may form an explosive mixture with
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, flames, sparks, temperature extremes, and direct sunlight.
Incompatible Materials: peroxides.	Strong oxides, chlorine, acids, alkalies,
Hazardous decomposition products: Polymerization:	By fire, Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide Will not occur.
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Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity: Excessive exposure leads to depression of the central nervous system. Causes eye irritation, moderate skin irritation.

Product information:

Name	CAS No.	Inhalation:	Dermal:	Oral:
Ethylene glycol butyl	111-76-2	LC_{50} (Rat): ~700 ppm,	LD ₅₀ (Rat) >2,000	Acute LD_{50} (Rat):1,746
ether		7 hours;	mg/kg	mg/kg
Synonym: 2-		LC_{50} (Guinea pig):	LD ₅₀ (Guinea pig)	Acute LD_{50} (Guinea
Butoxyethanol		~932 ppm, 4 hours;	>2,000 mg/kg	pig):1,414 mg/kg
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	LC ₅₀ (Rat): 16,000	LD ₅₀ (Rabbit)	LD ₅₀ (Rat) 5,000 to
Synonym: 2-Propanol		ppm, 8 hours	12,800 mg/kg	5,045 mg/kg



 LC_{50} — The concentration of the chemical in air that kills 50% of the test animals in a given time (usually four hours).

Chronic toxicity: The IARC and ACGIH designates Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxy-ethanol) and Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) as category 3 – confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. Repeated or prolonged exposure in excess of exposure limits in Section 8 may cause damage to the lungs, liver, blood, and kidney.

Sensitization: Not known to cause sensitization in humans.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects:	LC_{50} Harlequinfish, Red rasbora 96-hour 4,200 mg/l. LC_{50} Fathead minnow 96-hour 9,640 to 10,000 mg/l. EC_{50} Water flea 48-hour 1,550 mg/l.
Persistence	The estimated half-life (2-Butoxyethanol) in groundwater ranges from 14 days to 8 weeks; and in soil 7 days to 4 weeks.
Degradability:	Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cleanup considerations: This product is not a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA 40 CFR 261. Do not incinerate a closed container. Disposal of this material must be done in accordance with federal, state and/or local regulations. The material destined for disposal must be characterized properly and may differ from the product described in this SDS if mixed with other wastes.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Please refer to DOT regulation 49 CFR 172.101:

Transport information: This material is not regulated under DOT when transported via U.S. commerce routes: and IATA, and IMO via international routes

Hazardous Materials Description: (DOT and IATA):

UN/identification no.:	Not Applicable
Proper shipping name:	Not Applicable
Hazard class:	Not Applicable
Packing group:	Not Applicable
DOT reportable quantity (lbs.):	Not Applicable

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. federal regulatory information:

U.S. RCRA (40 CFR 261)

This product is not a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA 40 CFR 261.



State and community right-to-know regulations:

The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

U.S. TSCA Chemical inventory Section 8(b)

OSHA — This product is determined to be hazardous as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communications Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 FR 302.4): No ingredients are listed.

Some Components of this product are listed in the following sections of SARA: SARA Title III Section 302 — N/A SARA Title III Section 304 — N/A SARA Title III Section 313 — Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) 1% reporting threshold Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) 100 % reporting threshold SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21) Acute health hazard: Yes Chronic health hazard: Yes

Chronic nealth hazard.	res
Fire hazard:	No
Reactive Hazard:	No
Pressure Hazard:	No

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

WHMIS (Canada)

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects

NOTE: User must consult with applicable state and local agencies for special specifics, determinations or compliance obligations regarding this product.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Standards and Certification Listings:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests, data, and information resources believed to be reliable. However, the Jomar Group and its related operations or divisions do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness, nor shall any of this information constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety of goods, the merchantability of the goods or the fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. Jomar Group assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of this data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.



Safety Data Sheet

SDS ID: Stock Code 400-201, 400-202, 400-203, 400-204,400-205, 400-206, 400-207

Revision date: February 4, 2015

Section 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:Jomar "The Heavyweight" Thread SealantSynonyms:NoneChemical family:Pipe Thread Hydrocarbon MixtureProducer:Jomar Group7243 Miller DriveWarren, MI 48092

 Telephone:
 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Emergency: 586-268-1220 Available during normal business hours

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. High vapor concentrations may cause drowsiness and result in irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat and central nervous system (CNS) depression.

GHS Hazard and precautionary statements

WARNING — Serious Eye Irritation (category 2A), H319
 Skin Irritation (category 2), H315
 Acute oral toxicity (category 4), H302
 Acute inhalation toxicity (category 4), H332
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness (category 3), H336



Precautionary Statements

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P303 + P361: IF ON SKIN, immediately remove all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351: IF IN EYES, Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so, rinse with water for several minutes. P337 + P313: If eye or skin irritation persists – get medical advice/attention. P403 + P223: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. In high concentrations, vapors and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, central nervous system depression, fatigue, dizziness, and nausea. Severe overexposure may cause red blood cell damage.



Chronic: Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in blood, liver, or kidney damage. See Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for additional information.

- Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract, stomach pain, nausea, and vomiting.
- **Skin contact:** May be absorbed through the skin during prolonged or repeated contact, causing irritation, dermatitis, weakness, headache and nausea.
- **Eye contact:** Exposure to vapors or liquid may cause eye irritation.
- **Carcinogenic** The IARC and ACGIH designate Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) and Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) as category 3 – confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. The ACGIH designates Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) as category A3– confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material information:

Name	CAS No.	Weight %
Ethylene glycol butyl ether		
Synonym: 2-	111-76-2	12-17
Butoxyethanol		
Isopropyl alcohol	67 63 0	10 15
Synonym: 2-Propanol	07-03-0	10-15

***Note:** The above weight percentages are represented in ranges as estimates. Due to variation among production batches, component percentages may vary.

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Move exposed persons to fresh air. If the person is not breathing or breathing is irregular, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention.
Skin contact:	Quickly remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious and alert, rinse the mouth with water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Eye contact:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately consult physician after flushing eyes with tepid water for 15 minutes.
Section 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES	


Suitable spray, extinguishing this will spread media:	Small fires — Class B fire-extinguishing media including water foam, CO ₂ or dry powder. Do not use a water stream, as
Specific hazards:	Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of product containers. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Application of extinguishing media to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products including carbon oxides may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Full protective equipment including selfcontained breathing apparatus should be used. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.



Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
Personal Precautions:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Evacuate any potentially affected area and isolate personnel from entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Vapor can collect in lower areas.	
Large Spill:	Personnel must have appropriate training, per Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910.120. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment (Section 8).	
Methods for Containment and Clean up	Shut off source if possible and if safe. Eliminate all ignition sources. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Advise applicable authorities if material has entered sewers or water courses.	
Section 7. HA	NDLING AND STORAGE	
Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Launder soiled clothing thoroughly before re-use.	
Storage:	Keep all containers tightly closed when not in use. Store out of direct sunlight and on an impermeable floor. Do not store with incompatible materials. See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity.	



Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Name	CAS No.	ACGIH [®] TLV [®] Exposure Limits:	Federal OSHA PELs	OSHA PELs 1989 ^c
Ethylene glycol butyl ether Synonym: 2- Butoxyethanol	111-76- 2	20 ppm ^A	50 ppm ^A	25 ppm ^A
Isopropyl alcohol Synonym: 2-Propanol	67-63-0	200 ррт ^А 400 ррт ^в	400 ppm ^A	400 ррт ^А 500 ррт ^в

All exposure limits listed are 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) — except where noted otherwise.

^A Time Weighted Average (TWA) is an average exposure over the course of an 8-hour work shift. ^B A Short Term Exposure Limit TWA over the course of 15 minutes.

PEL — Permissible Exposure Limit is the maximum 8-hour TWA concentration of a chemical that a worker may be exposed to under Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

^C Federal OSHA 1989 PELs were vacated but are in use and enforced by many state OSHA plans.

Engineering measures: Local exhaust ventilation is preferable. General ventilation is acceptable if exposure to materials in this section is maintained below applicable exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- **Respiratory protection:** When engineering controls are not sufficient to reduce exposure to levels below applicable exposure limits, seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. For concentrations less than 10 times the exposure limits, wear a properly fitted NIOSH/ MSHA-approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
- **Skin and body protection:** Wear impervious clothing and gloves to prevent contact. Use the manufacturer's degradation and permeation data for protective material selection.
- Eye protection:Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields, or
goggles.Hygiene measures:Avoid repeated or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands
before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities.
Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder
before reuse.Other precautions:Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and
inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

White paste



Physical state (solid/liquid/gas): Substance type (pure/mixture): Color:	Paste Mixture White
Odor:	Mild odor
Molecular weight:	Not Available
pH:	Not Applicable
Boiling point/range (5-95%):	Not Available
Melting point/range:	Not Available
Decomposition temperature:	Not Available
Specific gravity:	1.41
Vapor density:	(AIR = 1) <1
Vapor pressure:	0.88 mm Hg at 68°F
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate= 1):	0.6
Flash point, method used:	Above 200 °F; UN test N.1
Water solubility:	Slight
VOC Content:	310 grams/liter (SCAQMD Rule 1168 Test
Method316A)	
Auto-ignition temperature:	921°F; 494°C
Flammable limits in air — lower (%):	1.1
Flammable limits in air — upper (%):	12.7

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No data available	
Stability: conditions.	Stable under recommended storage	
Possibly hazardous reactions: air	Vapors may form an explosive mixture with	
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, flames, sparks, temperature extremes, and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible Materials: peroxides.	Strong oxides, chlorine, acids, alkalies,	
Hazardous decomposition products: Polymerization:	By fire, Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide Will not occur.	
Contine 44 TOVICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity: Excessive exposure leads to depression of the central nervous system. Causes eye irritation, moderate skin irritation.

Product information:

Name	CAS No.	Inhalation:	Dermal:	Oral:
Ethylene glycol butyl	111-76-2	LC_{50} (Rat): ~700 ppm,	LD ₅₀ (Rat) >2,000	Acute LD_{50} (Rat):1,746
ether		7 hours;	mg/kg	mg/kg
Synonym: 2-		LC_{50} (Guinea pig):	LD ₅₀ (Guinea pig)	Acute LD_{50} (Guinea
Butoxyethanol		~932 ppm, 4 hours;	>2,000 mg/kg	pig):1,414 mg/kg
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	LC ₅₀ (Rat): 16,000	LD ₅₀ (Rabbit)	LD ₅₀ (Rat) 5,000 to
Synonym: 2-Propanol		ppm, 8 hours	12,800 mg/kg	5,045 mg/kg



 LC_{50} — The concentration of the chemical in air that kills 50% of the test animals in a given time (usually four hours).

Chronic toxicity: The IARC and ACGIH designates Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxy-ethanol) and Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) as category 3 – confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. Repeated or prolonged exposure in excess of exposure limits in Section 8 may cause damage to the lungs, liver, blood, and kidney.

Sensitization: Not known to cause sensitization in humans.

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects:	LC ₅₀ Harlequinfish, Red rasbora 96-hour 4,200 mg/l. LC ₅₀ Fathead minnow 96-hour 9,640 to 10,000 mg/l. EC ₅₀ Water flea 48-hour 1,550 mg/l.
Persistence	The estimated half-life (2-Butoxyethanol) in groundwater ranges from 14 days to 8 weeks; and in soil 7 days to 4 weeks.
Degradability:	Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cleanup considerations: This product is not a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA 40 CFR 261. Do not incinerate a closed container. Disposal of this material must be done in accordance with federal, state and/or local regulations. The material destined for disposal must be characterized properly and may differ from the product described in this SDS if mixed with other wastes.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Please refer to DOT regulation 49 CFR 172.101:

Transport information: This material is not regulated under DOT when transported via U.S. commerce routes: and IATA, and IMO via international routes

Hazardous Materials Description: (DOT and IATA):

UN/identification no.:	Not Applicable
Proper shipping name:	Not Applicable
Hazard class:	Not Applicable
Packing group:	Not Applicable
DOT reportable quantity (lbs.):	Not Applicable

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. federal regulatory information:

U.S. RCRA (40 CFR 261)

This product is not a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA 40 CFR 261.



State and community right-to-know regulations:

The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

U.S. TSCA Chemical inventory Section 8(b)

OSHA — This product is determined to be hazardous as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communications Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 FR 302.4): No ingredients are listed.

Some Components of this product are listed in the following sections of SARA: SARA Title III Section 302 — N/A SARA Title III Section 304 — N/A SARA Title III Section 313 — Ethylene glycol butyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol) 1% reporting threshold Isopropyl alcohol (2-Propanol) 100 % reporting threshold SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21) Acute health hazard: Yes Chronic health hazard: Yes

Chronic health hazard:	Yes
Fire hazard:	No
Reactive Hazard:	No
Pressure Hazard:	No

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

WHMIS (Canada)

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects

NOTE: User must consult with applicable state and local agencies for special specifics, determinations or compliance obligations regarding this product.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Standards and Certification Listings:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests, data, and information resources believed to be reliable. However, the Jomar Group and its related operations or divisions do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness, nor shall any of this information constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety of goods, the merchantability of the goods or the fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. Jomar Group assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of this data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.

Safety Data Sheet



Revision Number: 005.1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name:

Product type: Lubric Restriction of Use: None i Company address: Henkel Corporation One Henkel Way Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067

LOCTITE LB 8008 C5-A known as C5-A® Copper Based Anti-Seize Lubricant None identified

IDH number:

234192

Item number:51001Region:United StatesContact information:Telephone:(860) 571-5100MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone:Poison Control Center1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or1-303-592-1711TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone:CHEMTREC1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or1-703-527-3887Internet:www.henkelna.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW DANGER: CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE.

HAZARD CLASS	HAZARD CATEGORY
SKIN IRRITATION	2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE	1
SKIN SENSITIZATION	1



Precautionary Statements

Prevention:	Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray. Wash affected area thoroughly after handling.
	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective
Response:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several
-	minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing.
Storage:	Not prescribed
Disposal:	Dispose of contents and/or container according to Federal, State/Provincial and local governmental regulations.

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	Percentage*

Calcium dihydroxide	1305-62-0	10 - 20
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	10 - 20
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	64742-53-6	10 - 20
Copper	7440-50-8	10 - 20
Graphite	7782-42-5	5 - 10
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1

* Exact percentages may vary or are trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

4. FI	RST AID MEASURES
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If symptoms develop and persist, get medical attention.
Skin contact:	Wash with soap and water. If symptoms develop and persist, get medical attention.
Eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention.
Symptoms:	See Section 11.
5. FIRE	FIGHTING MEASURES
Extinguishing media:	Water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Special firefighting procedures:	None
Unusual fire or explosion hazards:	None
Hazardous combustion products:	Oxides of carbon.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions:	Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.
Clean-up methods:	Scrape up as much material as possible. Clean residue with soap and water.
-	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage:

For information on product shelf life, please review labels on container or check the Technical Data Sheet.

Keep in a cool, well ventilated area.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

Hazardous Component(s)	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	AIHA WEEL	OTHER
Calcium dihydroxide	5 mg/m3 TWA	5 mg/m3 PEL Respirable fraction. 15 mg/m3 PEL Total dust.	None	None
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	5 mg/m3 TWA Inhalable fraction. 5 mg/m3 TWA mist 10 mg/m3 STEL mist	5 mg/m3 TWA mist 500 ppm (2,000 mg/m3) PEL 5 mg/m3 PEL Mist.	None	None
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	5 mg/m3 TWA Inhalable fraction.	5 mg/m3 PEL Mist. 500 ppm (2,000 mg/m3) PEL	None	None
Copper	0.2 mg/m3 TWA (as Cu) Fume. 1 mg/m3 TWA (as Cu) Dust and mist.	1 mg/m3 PEL (as Cu) Dust and mist. 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (as Cu) Fume.	None	None
Graphite	2 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction.	5 mg/m3 PEL Respirable fraction. 15 mg/m3 PEL Total dust. 15 MPPCF TWA	None	None
Quartz (SiO2)	0.025 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction.	2.4 MPPCF TWA Respirable. 0.1 mg/m3 TWA Respirable. 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (Respirable dust.) (Respirable dust.) 0.025 mg/m3 OSHA_ACT (Respirable dust.) 0.05 mg/m3 PEL Respirable dust.	None	None

Engineering controls:

Respiratory protection:

Eye/face protection:

Skin protection:

Use local ventilation if general ventilation is insufficient to maintain vapor concentration below established exposure limits.

Use NIOSH approved respirator if there is potential to exceed exposure limit(s). Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Full face protection should be used if the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists.

Use impermeable gloves and protective clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Paste

Physical state: Color: Odor: Odor threshold: pH: Vapor pressure: Boiling point/range: Beiling point/range: Specific gravity: Vapor density: Flash point:

Copper Mild Not available. Not applicable < 5.0 mm hg > 260 °C (> 500°F) Not available. 1.30 Heavier than air. > 93 °C (> 199.4 °F)

Product name: LOCTITE LB 8008 C5-A known as C5-A® Copper Based Anti-Seize Page 3 of 7 Flammable/Explosive limits - lower: Flammable/Explosive limits - upper: Autoignition temperature: Flammability: Evaporation rate: Solubility in water: Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): VOC content: Viscosity: Decomposition temperature: Not determined Not determined Not applicable Slower than ether. Insoluble Not determined < 3 % Estimated Not available. Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable at normal conditions.
Hazardous reactions:	Will not occur.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Hydrocarbons. Oxides of carbon.
Incompatible materials:	Strong acids and strong bases. Oxidizing agents.
Reactivity:	Not available.
Conditions to avoid:	Prolonged exposure to heat.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Relevant routes of exposure:

Skin, Inhalation, Eyes, Ingestion

Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

Inhalation:	Inhalation of copper fumes may result in metal fume fever. Symptoms include metallic taste, discoloration of skin or hair. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Contains crystalline silica (quartz), which is classified as a possible carcinogen. However, the crystalline silica present in this product is encapsulated in the liquid and will only be liberated if the product is sanded or abraded, and even then what is liberated will not be pure crystalline silica. Appropriate precautions, however, should be taken if the product is sanded or abraded to prevent personnel from breathing the dust.
Skin contact:	Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact:	Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion:	May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation if swallowed.

Hazardous Component(s)	LD50s and LC50s	Immediate and Delayed Health Effects
Calcium dihydroxide	Oral LD50 (Rat) = 7,340 mg/kg	Irritant, Corrosive
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	None	Irritant
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	None	Irritant
Copper	None	Allergen, Blood, Central nervous system, Developmental, Gastrointestinal, Immune system, Irritant, Kidney, Liver, Mutagen, Sensory, Skin
Graphite	None	Lung
Quartz (SiO2)	None	Immune system, Lung, Some evidence of carcinogenicity

Hazardous Component(s)	NTP Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated)
Calcium dihydroxide	No	No	No
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	No	No	No
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated, light naphthenic	No	No	No
Copper	No	No	No
Graphite	No	No	No
Quartz (SiO2)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	Group 1	Yes

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information:

Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

Recommended method of disposal:

Hazardous waste number:

Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal.

rdous waste number:

Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The transport information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration.

U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (4	I9 CFR)
Proper shipping name:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Copper)
Hazard class or division:	9
Identification number:	UN 3082
Packing group:	
Marine pollutant:	Copper
DOT Hazardous Substance(s):	Copper
International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA) Proper shipping name: Hazard class or division: Identification number: Packing group:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. 9 UN 3082 III
Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG) Proper shipping name: Hazard class or division: Identification number: Packing group: Marine pollutant:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Copper) 9 UN 3082 III Copper

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification:	All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory. None above reporting de minimis
CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: CERCLA/SARA Section 313:	None above reporting de minimis. Immediate Health, Delayed Health This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372). Copper (CAS# 7440-50-8).
CERCLA Reportable quantity:	Copper (CAS# 7440-50-8) 5,000 lbs. (2,270 kg)
California Proposition 65:	This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer.
Canada Regulatory Information	
CEPA DSL/NDSL Status:	All components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: New Safety Data Sheet format.

Prepared by: Timothy Pratt, Regulatory Affairs Specialist

Issue date: 03/08/2017

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification		
Product identifier	Oatey Clear Cleaner	
Other means of identification		
Product code	1400E	
Synonyms Recommended use	Part Numbers: 30766, 30779, 30782, 30795, 30805, 322 Cleaning PVC, CPVC or ABS pipe and fittings	216, 32217, 32218, 32219
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Company Name	Oatey Inc.	
Address	4700 West 160th Street	
	Cleveland, OH 44135	
Telephone	216-267-7100	
E-mail	info@oatey.com	
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-38	387)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015	
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not Classified	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irrita	 May be fatal if swallowed and enters tion. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sp measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this pro- ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing	- No smoking. Keep container tightly t. Use explosion-proof parking tools. Take precautionary t or vapor. Wash thoroughly after poduct. Use only outdoors or in a well- podeve protection/face protection
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If i keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiou	on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and isly with water for several minutes.

Storage	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	75-95
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	1-5
Methy ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0-5

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe
symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an
Needed	ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out
protective equipment and	of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate
emergency procedures	area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist

	or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original container for reuse. For waste disposal, see sect. 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Туре	Value FORM
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3
		200 pp,
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		
Components	Туре	Value FORM
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha	zards	
Components	Туре	Value

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3
		300 ppm
	TWA	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94	-1) 80 mg/l 8 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	00.0	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	L Inima	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-	93-3) 2 mg/i	MEK	Urine	<u>^</u>
*- For sampling details, see the	ne source document.			
Exposure guidelines US - California OELs: Skin desi	gnation			
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-	1) designation applies	Can be absorbed throug	h the skin.	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-	1)	Skin designation applies	i.	
US - Tennessee OELs: Skin de	signation	5 11		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-	1)	Can be absorbed throug	h the skin.	
US ACGIH Inresnoid Limit Val	1)	Cap be absorbed throug	Ih the skin	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Ch	nemical Hazards	Can be absorbed intolg	II UIC SKIII.	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-	1)	Can be absorbed throug	h the skin.	
Appropriate engineering	Explosion-proof gene	ral and local exhaust ventilation. G	ood general ven	tilation (typically 10 air
controls	changes per hour) sh	ould be used. Ventilation rates sho	uld be matched t	to conditions. If
	maintain airborne leve	els below recommended exposure	limits. If exposur	e limits have not been
	established, maintain	airborne levels to an acceptable le	vel. Eye wash fa	cilities and emergency
	shower must be avail	able when handling this product.		
Individual protection measures,	such as personal prote	ective equipment	aida abialda (ar a	
Skin protection	Face shield is recomm	nended. Wear safety glasses with		joggies).
Skin protection				
Hand	Wear appropriate che	emical resistant gloves.		
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.			
Respiratory protection Thermal hazards	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.			
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not e as washing after hand wash work clothing ar	at, drink or smoke. Always observe dling the material and before eating nd protective equipment to remove	e good personal l ı, drinking, and/o contaminants.	nygiene measures, such r smoking. Routinely

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid
Color	Clear
Odor	Solvent
Odor threshold	Not available.

рН	Not Applicable
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	151 °F (66.11 °C)
range	
Flash point	0.0 – 4.0 °F (-18 to -15°C)
Evaporation rate	5.5 – 8
Upper/lower flammability or explose	sive limits
Flammability limit – lower (%)	2.0
Flammability limit – upper (%)	13.0
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not Available
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not Available
Vapor pressure	145 mmHg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.82 +/- 0.02
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient	
(n-octanol/water)	Not Available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not Available
Decomposition temperature	>150°C (>302°F)
Viscosity	Not Available
Other information	
Bulk Density	6.8 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	20g/L SCAQMD 1168/M24

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reaction	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

xposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on likely routes of exposure Acute Toxicity

Components	Species	Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	58000 mg/kg	
Oatey Clear Cleaner			SDS US

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Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	948 r	ng/kg
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	8000	ppm, 4 hours
Oral			
LD50	Rat	1540	mg/kg
*Estimates for product may be base	d on additional component data not s	shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization			
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cau	use skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate produ	ct or any components pr	esent at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity			
IARC Mongraphs, Overall	Evaluation of Carcingenicity		
Cyclobexanone (CAS 10	3-94-1)	3 Not classifiable as to	carcinogenicity to humans
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9	002-86-2)	3 Not classifiable as to	carcinogenicity to humans
Silica amorphous fumed	(CAS 112945-52-5)	3 Not classifiable as to	carcinogenicity to humans
OSHA Specifically Regula	ted Substances (29 CFR 1910.100	1-1050)	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9	002-86-2)	Cancer	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cau	use reproductive or devel	opmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity			
Single exposure	Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation. Not Classified		
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and ente	rs airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		
Further information	None noted.		
12. Ecological information			
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as er exclude the possibility that large c effect on the environment.	nvironmentally hazardous or frequent spills can have	s. However, this does not e a harmful or damaging
Components	Species		Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aquatic			
Fish – LC 50	Fathead minnow (P	imephales promelas)	>100 mg/l, 96 hours

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1) Aquatic Fish – LC 50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481-578 mg/l, 96 hours Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.. **Bio accumulative potential** No data is available. Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24 Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 0.29 Mobility in soil Not available Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain

Local disposal regulations	into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national or international regulations. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transportation information

DOT

DOT	
UN number	UN1993
UN Proper Shipping Name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone RQ = 5128 LBS)
Transport Hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	- 3
Label(s)	•
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1993
UN Proper Shipping Name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Cyclohexanone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1993
UN Proper Shipping Name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Cyclohexanone)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine polluntant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available.

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication
	All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
TSCA Section 12(b) Exp	ort Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not Regulated	
OSHA Specifically Regu	lated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.	action on List (40 CER 202.4)
	JSTANCE LIST (40 CFR 302.4) 7.64-1) LISTED
Cyclohexanone ((CAS 108-94-1) LISTED
Methyl ethyl ketc	ine (CAS 78-93-3) LISTED
Superfund Amendments and Rea	authorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - No
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
SARA 302 Extremely ha	zardous substance
Not Listed	
SARA 311/312 Hazardou	is chemical
No	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting	1)
Not regulated.	
Other rederal regulations	tion 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated	tion 112 hazardous All Foliutants (hAFS) List
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec	tion 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.	
Safe Drinking Water Act	(SDWA)
Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement Admi	inistration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Chemical Code Number	
Acetone (CAS 67	7-64-1) 6532
Methyl ethyl keto	ne (CAS 78-93-3) 6714
	$\frac{1}{7.64-1}$
Methyl ethyl ketc	ne (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV
DEA Exempt Chemical M	Aixtures Code Number
Acetone (CAS 6	7-64-1) 6532
Methyl ethyl keto	ine (CAS 78-93-3) 6714
US state regulations	Cubatanaa Liat
US. Massachusetts RTR	- Substance List 7-64-1)
Cyclohexanone ((CAS 108-94-1)
Methyl ethyl keto	une (CAS 78-93-3)
US. New Jersey Worker	and Community Right-to-Know Act
Acetone (CAS 67	7-64-1)
Cyclohexanone ((CAS 108-94-1)
Methyl ethyl keto	ine (CAS 78-93-3)
	3r and Community Right-to-Know Law
Cyclobexapone ((CΔS 108-94-1)
Methyl ethyl ketc	une (CAS 78-93-3)
US. Rhode Island RTK	· · · ·
Acetone (CAS 67	
Cyclohexanone (7-64-1)
-,	7-64-1) (CAS 108-94-1)
Methyl ethyl keto	7-64-1) (CAS 108-94-1) ine (CAS 78-93-3)

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories Country(s) or region Canada United States & Puerto Rico

Inventory name Domestic Substances List (DSL) Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory On inventory (yes/no)* Yes No

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date	05-27-2015
Revision Date	-
Version #	01
HMIS Rating	Health: 2 Flammability: 3
NFPA ratings	

Disclaimer

HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Oatey PVC Heavy Duty Clear or Gray Cement		
Other means of identification			
SDS number	1102E		
Synonyms	Part Numbers: Clear 30850, 30863, 30876(TV), 30882, 31008(TV), 31011, 31950, 31951, 31952, 31953 Gray 30349, 31093, 31094, 31095, 31105, 31118, 31978, 31979, 31980, 31981, 32050, 32051, 32052, 32210, 32211		
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/I	Distributor information		
Company Name Address	Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th St. Cleveland, OH 44135		
Telephone	216-267-7100		
E-mail Transport Emergency Emergency First Aid Contact person	info@oatey.com Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887) 1-877-740-5015 MSDS Coordinator		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4	
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A	
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Precautionary statement			

PreventionKeep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a
well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving
equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking
tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash
thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective
gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.ResponseRinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If
eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash
before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.StorageStore in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

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IVI	ιχιι	nes

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	30-60
2-Propanone	67-64-1	10-30
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-30
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	10-30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5-10
Colloidal silicon dioxide	112945-52-5	1-5

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	Unspecified.
· · · · ·		20 mppcf	Unspecified.
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated	Substances (29 CFR 1910.100	01-1050)	
Components	Туре	Value	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.	1000)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Components	Туре	Value	
Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
		20 mppcf	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
U.S NIOSH			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Colloidal silicon dioxide	REL	6 mg/m3	Unspecified.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Haz	zards		
Components	Туре	Value	
	тила		
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	IWA	250 mg/m3	
Colleidel eilieen dievide	T\0/0	200 ppm	
(CAS 112945-52-5)	IWA	o mg/ms	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

	Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
	2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1)50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
	Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
		8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*
	Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
	* - For sampling details, ple	ase see the source docu	ment.		
Exp	osure guidelines				
	US - California OELs: Skin	designation			
	Cyclohexanone (CAS 1	08-94-1)	Can be	absorbed throu	ugh the skin.
	US - Minnesota Haz Subs	Skin designation appl	ies		
	Cyclohexanone (CAS 1	08-94-1) in designation	Skin de	esignation applie	es.
	Cyclobevapone (CAS 1	08-04-1)	Can be	absorbed throu	igh the skin
	US ACGIH Threshold Lim	t Values: Skin designa	tion		
	Cyclohexanone (CAS 1	08-94-1)	Can be	absorbed throu	ugh the skin.
	Furan, Tetrahydro- (CA	S 109-99-9)	Can be	e absorbed throu	ugh the skin.
	US. NIUSH: POCKET Guide		Conho	abaarbad thra	igh the elin
٨٣٢		Evaluation proof gon		absorbed throu	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air
con	itrols	changes per hour) s applicable, use proc maintain airborne lev established, maintain shower must be ava	hould be used. Ve ess enclosures, lo vels below recomm n airborne levels to ilable when handli	ntilation rates sh cal exhaust ven nended exposur o an acceptable ng this product.	hould be matched to conditions. If tilation, or other engineering controls to e limits. If exposure limits have not been level. Eye wash facilities and emergency
Indi	ividual protection measure	s, such as personal pro	otective equipme	nt	
	Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses	with side shields	or goggles).	
	Skin protection				
	Hand protection	Wear appropriate ch	emical resistant gl	oves.	
	Other	Wear appropriate ch	emical resistant cl	othing.	
	Respiratory protection	If engineering contro limits (where applica been established), a	ols do not maintain ble) or to an accer n approved respira	airborne conce otable level (in c ator must be wo	ntrations below recommended exposure ountries where exposure limits have not rn.
	Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate the	ermal protective cl	othing, when ne	cessary.
Ger con	neral hygiene Isiderations	When using, do not	eat, drink or smoke	e. Wash hands a	after handling and before eating.
9.	Physical and chemica	I properties			
Арр	pearance	Opaque.or Transluc	ent.		
	Physical state	Liquid.			
	Form	Liquid.			
	Color	Gray or Clear.			
Odd	or	Solvent.			
Odd	or threshold	Not available.			
pН		Not available.			

5.5 - 8

Not available.

151 °F (66.11 °C)

14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Melting point/freezing point

range

Flash point Evaporation rate

Initial boiling point and boiling

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explo	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.88 - 0.92
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	1200 - 2500 cP
Other information	
Bulk density	7.5 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	481 g/I SQACMD Method 304

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

ies	Test Results	
bit	948 mg/kg	
	8000 ppm, 4 hours	
	pit	

Components	Species		,	Test Results
Oral				
LD50	Rat			1540 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may b	e based on add	ditional componen	t data not shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin	irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serio	ous eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	n			
Respiratory sensitization	Not available			
Skin sensitization	This product	is not expected to	cause skin sensitizatior	۱.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data avai mutagenic or	lable to indicate p	roduct or any componen	ts present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that is not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chloride monomer. The concentrations of residual vinyl chloride calculated to be contained in this product are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200.			
IARC Monographs, Overall	Evaluation of	Carcinogenicity	-	
Colloidal silicon dioxide (Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9 OSHA Specifically Regulate	CAS 112945-52 8-94-1) 9002-86-2)	(29 CFR 1910 10	3 Not classifiable as to 3 Not classifiable as to 3 Not classifiable as to 01-1050)	carcinogenicity to humans. carcinogenicity to humans. carcinogenicity to humans.
	2002-86-2)	(25 01 1 1510.10	Cancer	
Reproductive toxicity	This product	is not expected to	cause reproductive or c	levelonmental effects
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Respiratory t	ract irritation. Nar	cotic effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified	J.		
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal	if swallowed and e	enters airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.			
12. Ecological information	ı			
Ecotoxicity	The product possibility the	is not classified as at large or frequen	s environmentally hazard t spills can have a harm	dous. However, this does not exclude the full or damaging effect on the environment.
Components		Species		Test Results
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94	-1)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minno	w (Pimephales promelas	s) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours
* Estimates for product may b	e based on add	ditional componen	t data not shown.	
Persistence and degradability	No data is av	ailable on the deg	radability of this product	t.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data avai	lable.		
Partition coefficient n-octar 2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109	n ol / water (log -1) -99-9)	Kow)	-0.24 0.81 0.46	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-	93-3)		0.29	
Mobility in soil	No data avai	lable.		

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	T11, TP1, TP8, TP27
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	201
Packaging bulk	243
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not available.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	

15. Regulatory information	n	
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 All components are on the U.	Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication). S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export	Notification (40 CFR 707, Sub	ppt. D)
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1	1001-1050)
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS S	9002-86-2)	Cancer Central nervous system Liver Blood Elammability
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	Ince List (40 CFR 302.4)	T lattittability
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64 Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS	4-1) 8-94-1) 109-99-9) \$ 78-93-3)	LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED
Superfund Amendments and Re	authorization Act of 1986 (SA	ARA)
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	dous substance	
Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectior	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollutant	s (HAPs) List
Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectior Not regulated.	n 112(r) Accidental Release P	revention (40 CFR 68.130)
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement Adm Chemical Code Numbe	ninistration (DEA). List 2, Esso r	ential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
2-Propanone (CAS 6 Methyl ethyl ketone Drug Enforcement Adm	67-64-1) (CAS 78-93-3) iinistration (DEA). List 1 & 2 E	6532 6714 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
2-Propanone (CAS 6 Methyl ethyl ketone DEA Exempt Chemical	67-64-1) (CAS 78-93-3) Mixtures Code Number	35 %WV 35 %WV
2-Propanone (CAS 6 Methyl ethyl ketone	67-64-1) (CAS 78-93-3)	6532 6714
US state regulations		
US. Massachusetts RTK - S	ubstance List	
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64 Colloidal silicon dioxide (Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS	I-1) CAS 112945-52-5) 8-94-1) 109-99-9) 5 78-93-3)	
US. New Jersey Worker and	I Community Right-to-Know	Act
2-Propanone (CAS 67-64	1-1) 2	

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure levels to these chemicals.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-August-2014
Revision date	15-December-2014
Version #	02
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.



Revision Date 09-Mar-2016

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 4

1. IDENTIFICATION

<u>Product identifier</u> Product Name	66BR CLEAR RTV SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT 3 OZ		
<u>Other means of identification</u> Product Code Synonyms	80050 None		
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use		
Recommended Use	Sealant		
Uses advised against	No information available		
Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet		
Manufacturer Address	<u>Distributor</u>		
ITW Permatex	ITW Permatex Canada		
6875 Parkland Blvd.	35 Brownridge Road, Unit 1		
Solon, OH 44139 USA	Halton Hills, ON Canada L7G 0C6		
	Telephone: (800) 924-6994		
Company Phone Number	1-87-Permatex		
	(877) 376-2839		
24 Hour Emergency Phone Number	Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924		
	International Emergency:		
	00+1+ 813-248-0585		
	Contract Number: MIS0003453		
E-mail address	mail@permatex.com		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label elements

 Emergency Overview

 The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health

 Appearance Clear
 Physical state Paste
 Odor Acetic acid

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from moisture

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

- The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substance from which it is produced is not a carcinogen. This note applies only to certain complex oil derived substances in Annex I

Unknown acute toxicity

2.5 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

substance(s)

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED	64742-46-7	5 - 10	*
MIDDLE			

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES Description of first aid measures Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. **General advice** Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Skin contact IF ON SKIN:. Wash skin with soap and water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for Inhalation breathing. If symptoms persist, call a physician. IF SWALLOWED:. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an Ingestion unconscious person. Call a physician. Self-protection of the first aider Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms See section 2 for more information. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically. Note to physicians

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media None.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical None in particular.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

	6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
Personal precautions	Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological Information.		
Methods and material for containme	ent and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods for cleaning up	Ensure adequate ventilation. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Slippery, can cause falls if walked on.		
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.		
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage Conditions	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture.		

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Water

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information	Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).		
Appropriate engineering controls			
Engineering Controls	Eyewash stations		
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment			
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).		
Skin and body protection	Wear protective natural rubber, nitrile rubber, Neoprene™ or PVC gloves.		

Respiratory protection	Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister, as appropriate.
General Hygiene Considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Odor Odor threshold Paste Clear Acetic acid No information available

No information available No information available

Values

Not Applicable

Property pН Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Vapor pressure Vapor density **Relative density** Water solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** Kinematic viscositv Dynamic viscosity **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties**

Other Information

Softening point Molecular weight VOC Content (%) Density Bulk density > 93 °C / > 200 °F No information available No information available No information available No information available 10 mm Hg @ 25°C >1 1.007 Not applicable No information available No information available

No information available No information available 2.3% No information available No information available Remarks • Method

Polymerization Tag Closed Cup

Air = 1

Polymerization

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No data available

<u>Chemical stability</u> Stable under recommended storage conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Water

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Acetic acid Formaldehyde

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.
Skin contact	May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM),	= 7400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 4.6 mg/L (Rat)4 h
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE		· · ·	
64742-46-7			

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms

No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

SensitizationNo information available.Germ cell mutagenicityNo information available.CarcinogenicityThe table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Not classifiable as a human carcinogenEyes, Respiratory system, Skin.Target Organ EffectsEyes, Respiratory system, Skin.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral)	21001 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	6606 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	5.5 mg/l

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

81 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM),	-	35: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L	-
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE		LC50 flow-through 10000: 96 h	
64742-46-7		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		static	

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility

No information available.
Other adverse effects

No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods	
Disposal of wastes	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Do not reuse container.
US EPA Waste Number	Not applicable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Proper shipping name:	Not regulated
IATA_ Proper shipping name:	Not regulated
IMDG Proper shipping name:	Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories	
TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Not Listed.
ENCS	Not Listed.
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard

Yes

Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
AMORPHOUS SILICA 7631-86-9	X	X	Х
ACETIC ACID 64-19-7	X	X	Х

U.S. EPA Label Information EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

WHMIS Hazard Class

Non-controlled

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA	Health hazards 1	Flammability 1	Instability 0	-
HMIS	Health hazards 1	Flammability 1	Physical hazards 0	Personal protection B

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Revision Date 09-Mar-2016

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 – Product & Company Identification

Product Name: RIDGID Dark Thread Cutting Oil

Product Catalog No.: 11471, 11491, 41590, 41600, 41610, 70830

Recommended Use: Thread Cutting

Restrictions on Use: Use in the manufacturing process only

Company Information:

North America Ridge Tool Company 400 Clark Street Elyria, Ohio 44035-6001 1-800-519-3456 (8:00 am – 5:00 pm EST, M-F) Emergency Telephone call 9-1-1 or local emergency number www.RIDGID.com Australia Ridge Tool Australia 127 Metrolink Circuit Campbellfield, VIC 3061 1-800-743-443 (8:30 am – 5:00 pm AEST, M-F) Emergency Telephone call 000 or local emergency number www.RIDGID.com.au

Issue Date: March 27, 2017

Section 2 – Hazards Identification

This product is classified as not hazardous per US OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015).

GHS Label Elements: Not applicable

Section 3 – Composition / Information On Ingredients

Component: Mineral Oil <u>CAS #</u> Confidential <u>% By Weight</u> 40-100%

This product does not contain silicone or chlorinated additives.

Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as trade secrets.



Section 4 – First Aid Measures

INGESTION:

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Call a Poison Center or doctor if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting.

INHALATION:

Move to fresh air. Call a Poison Center or doctor if you feel unwell.

SKIN CONTACT:

Remove contaminated/saturated clothing and shoes. Wash contact areas with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

EYE CONTACT:

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED

Symptoms:

No data available.

INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Treatment:

Get medical attention as appropriate or if symptoms persist

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

GENERAL FIRE HAZARDS:

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SUITABLE (AND UNSUITABLE) EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable extinguishing media:

No data available.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:

Heat may cause the containers to pressurize and possibly rupture. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.



SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS Special firefighting procedures:

No data available.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment appropriate for Industrial fires.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not handle damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Ensure adequate ventilation.

METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid release to the environment. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so and protect against releases into the environment. Remediate as appropriate.

Section 7 – Handling And Storage

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not expose to intense heat as product may expand and pressurize container. End-users should follow industry best practices for handling and using this product. Guidance may be found using the current version of ASTM Standard E1497-05: Standard Practice for Selection and Safe Use of Water-Miscible and Straight Oil Metal Removal Fluids

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Store in original tightly closed container. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Store away from incompatible materials.

SHELF LIFE: 720 days



Section 8 – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Chemical name	type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Mineral oil - Mist.	PEL	5 mg/m ³	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
Mineral oil - Mist.	STEL	10 mg/m ³	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from supervisor on the company's respiratory protection standards.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

SKIN AND BODY PROTECTION:

Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

HYGIENE MEASURES:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.



Section 9 – Physical And Chemical Properties

Appearance **Physical State** Form Color Odor Odor Threshold pН Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - upper (%) Flammability limit - lower (%) Explosive limit – upper (%) Explosive limit – lower (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Solubility (other) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity VOC

Liquid No data available Black Mild petroleum No data available No data available No data available No data available 196 °C (385 °F) No data available 0.878 Insoluble No data available

No data available No data available No data available 42.5 mm²/s (40 °C, measured) 2 g/l



Section 10 – Stability And Reactivity

REACTIVITY: Not reactive during normal use.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: No data available.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: None under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat or contamination.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: No data available.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Ingestion:

May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. Inhalation:

Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.

Skin Contact:

Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation.

Eye contact:

Eye contact is possible and should be avoided.



INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS Acute toxicity **Oral Product:** ATEmix (): 2000 - 5000 mg/kg **Dermal Product:** ATEmix (): 2000 - 5000 mg/kg Inhalation Product: ATEmix (, 4h): > 5000 mg/l dusts, mists and fumes Repeated dose toxicity Product: No data available. Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product: No data available. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Product: No data available. **Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Product:** No data available. Carcinogenicity Product: No data available. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: No carcinogenic components identified US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: No carcinogenic components identified US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): No carcinogenic components identified Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: No data available. In vivo Product: No data available. **Reproductive toxicity Product:** No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Product: No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Product: No data available. Aspiration Hazard Product: No data available. Other effects: No data available



Section 12 – Ecological Information

GENERAL INFORMATION:

This product has not been evaluated for ecological toxicity or other environmental effects.

Section 13 – Disposal Consideration

DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. It is the responsibility of the product user or owner to determine at the time of disposal, which waste regulations must be applied.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING:

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Section 14 – Transportation Information

This material is not subject to transport regulations.

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories - None SARA 313 (TRI Reporting) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US STATE REGULATIONS

US. California Proposition 65

No component is regulated by CA Prop 65.



Section 16 – Other Information

Prepared by:..... Ridge Tool Company (Operating Standard 6-103)

Issue Date: March 27, 2017 Last Revision Date: May 29, 2015

RIDGE TOOL BELIEVES THE STATEMENTS, TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND RECOM-MENDATIONS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE RELIABLE BUT THEY ARE GIVEN WITHOUT WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND WE ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE, DIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL, ARISING OUT OF THEIR USE.

Version No. 18203-15A Issue Date: November 24, 2015

Supersedes Date: May 2014

OSHA HCS-2012 / GHS

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Simple Green® Heavy-Duty Cleaner & Degreaser (Pressure Washer Concentrate) Additional Names:

Manufacturer's Part Number: *Please refer to Section 16

Recommended Use:Dilute 1:10 for manual or pressure washer application to clean grease and grime from any surfaceRestrictions on Use:Do not use on non-rinsable surfaces.

 Company:
 Sunshine Makers, Inc.
 Telephone:
 800-228-0709 • 562-795-6000 Mon – Fri, 8am – 5pm PST

 15922 Pacific Coast Highway
 Fax:
 562-592-3830

 Huntington Beach, CA 92649 USA
 Email:
 info@simplegreen.com

 Emergency Phone:
 Chem-Tel 24-Hour Emergency Service: 800-255-3924

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as hazardous (Eye Corrosion/Irritation – Category 2B) under 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standards (29 CFR 1910.1200).

OSHA HCS 2012 Label Elements Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Symbol(s)/Pictogram(s): None required

Hazard Statements: H320 – Causes Eye Irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

P264 – Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P305 + P351 + P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): None

Other Information: None Known

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Water Ethoxylated Alcohol Sodium Citrate Sodium Carbonate 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N- dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivatives, chlorides, sodium	<u>CAS Number</u> 7732-18-5 68439-46-3 6132-04-3 497-19-8 61789-39-7	Percent Range > 90.99%* < 5%* < 1%* < 1%* < 1%*
salts Alkyl imino dipropionic acid, monosodium salt Colorant	Proprietary Proprietary	<1%* <0.01%*

*specific percentages of composition are being withheld as a trade secret

Version No. 18203-15A Issue Date: November 24, 2015

Supersedes Date: May 2014

OSHA HCS-2012 / GHS

Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:Not expected to cause respiratory irritation. If adverse effect occurs, move to fresh air.Skin Contact:Not expected to cause skin irritation. If adverse effect occurs, move to fresh air.Eye Contact:Causes eye irritation. If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: get medical attention.Ingestion:May cause upset stomach. Drink plenty of water to dilute. See section 11.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: None known.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, if necessary: Treat symptomatically

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable & Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Specific Hazards Arising from Chemical: Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters: Use Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or "alcohol" foam. Avoid high volume jet water. In event of fire, fire created carbon oxides may be formed. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus; Wear full protective clothing.

This product is non-flammable. See Section 9 for Physical Properties.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

For non-emergency personnel: See section 8 – personal protection. For emergency responders: Avoid eye contact. Safety goggles suggested if splashing or misting is likely to occur.

Environmental Precautions: Do not allow into open waterways and ground water systems.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up: Dike or soak up with inert absorbent material. See section 13 for disposal considerations.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling: Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and direct sunlight. Do not pierce any part of the container. Do not mix or contaminate with any other chemical. Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product.

Conditions for Safe Storage including Incompatibilities: Keep container tightly closed. Keep in cool dry area. Avoid prolonged exposure to sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 109°F (42.7°C) or freezing temperatures.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limit Values: No components listed with TWA or STEL values under OSHA or ACGIH.

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Showers, eyewash stations, ventilation systems

Individual Protection Measures / Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Eye Contact:Use protective glasses or safety goggles if splashing or spray-back is likely.Respiratory:Use in well ventilated areas or local exhaust ventilation when cleaning small spaces.Skin Contact:Use protective gloves (any material) when used for prolonged periods or dermally sensitive.General Hygiene Considerations:Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking.

Version No. 18203-15A

Issue Date: November 24, 2015

Supersedes Date: May 2014

OSHA HCS-2012 / GHS

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Yellow liquid Appearance: Odor: No added fragrance Not determined **Odor Threshold:** 10.0 - 11.5pH: 0°C (32°F) Freezing Point: 101°C (213.8°F) **Boiling Point & Range:** Flash Point: > 212°F **Evaporation Rate:** Not determined Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: Not applicable Not determined Vapor Pressure: Not determined Vapor Density:

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined Non-flammable Autoignition Temperature: 109°F Decomposition Temperature: Like water Viscosity: 1.00 - 1.02**Specific Gravity:** **Water & fragrance exemption in calculation VOCs: Not tested SCAQMD 304-91 / EPA 24: 0.35% 3.5 g/L 0.03 lb/gal CARB Method 310**: SCAQMD Method 313: Not tested VOC Composite Partial Pressure: Not determined 8.34 - 8.50 **Relative Density:** 100% in water Solubility:

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:Non-reactive.Chemical Stability:Stable under normal conditions 70°F (21°C) and 14.7 psig (760 mmHg).Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:None known.Conditions to Avoid:Excessive heat or cold.Incompatible Materials:Do not mix with oxidizers, acids, bathroom cleaners, or disinfecting agents.Hazardous Decomposition Products:Normal products of combustion - CO, CO2.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure:	Inhalation -	Overexposure may cause headache.
	Skin Contact -	Not expected to cause irritation, repeated contact may cause dry skin.
	Eye Contact -	Causes eye irritation.
	Ingestion -	May cause upset stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: no symptoms expected under typical use conditions. Delayed and immediate effects and or chronic effects from short term exposure: no symptoms expected under typical use conditions. Delayed and immediate effects and or chronic effects from long term exposure: headache, dry skin, or skin irritation may occur. Interactive effects: Not known.

Numerical Measures of	Toxicity		
Acute Toxicity: Oral LD ₅₀ (rat) Dermal LD ₅₀ (rabbit)		> 5 g/kg body weight > 5 g/kg body weight Calculated via OSHA HCS 2012 / Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals	
Skin Corrosion/Irritatio	n: Non-irritant per	Dermal Irritection [®] assay modeling. No animal testing performed.	
Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes eye irritat		tion per Ocular Irritection [®] assay modeling. No animal testing performed. (GHS	
	Hazard category	2B)	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Mixture does no		t classify under this category.	
Carcinogenicity: Mixture does not classify under this category.		t classify under this category.	
Reproductive Toxicity: Mixture does not classify under this category.		t classify under this category.	
STOT-Single Exposure: Mixture does not		t classify under this category.	
STOT-Repeated Exposure: Mixture does not		t classify under this category.	
Aspiration Hazard: Mixture does not classify under this category.		t classify under this category.	

Version No. 18203-15A Issue Date: November 24, 2015

Supersedes Date: May 2014

OSHA HCS-2012 / GHS

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	Volume of ingredients used does not trigger toxicity classifications under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.		
Aquatic:	Not tested on finished formulation.		
Terrestrial:	Not tested on finished formulation.		
Persistence an	d Degradability:	Inherently Biodegradable formula: >60% degradation in 28 days, with maximum tested 90% degradation in 54 days (OECD 301D)	
Bioaccumulati	ve Potential:	No data available.	
Mobility in Soi	l:	No data available.	
Other Adverse	Effects:	No data available.	

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Unused or Used Liquid: May be considered hazardous in your area depending on usage and tonnage of disposal – check with local, regional, and or national regulations for appropriate methods of disposal.

Empty Containers: May be offered for recycling.

Never dispose of used degreasing rinsates into lakes, streams, and open bodies of water or storm drains.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.N. Number: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing Group: Environmental Hazards: Transport in Bulk (according to A Special precautions which user n with transport or conveyance eit	Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Marine Pollutant - NO nnex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC eeds to be aware of/comply with, her within or outside their premis	U.N. Proper Shipping Name: NMFC Number: Class: Code): Unknown. in connection None known es:	Cleaning Compound, Liquid NOI 48580-3 Not applicable
U.S. (DOT) / Canadian TDG:	Not Regulated for shipping.	ICAO/ IATA:	Not classified as Hazardous
IMO / IDMG:	Not classified as Hazardous	ADR/RID:	Not classified as Hazardous

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

All components are listed on: TSCA and DSL Inventory.

SARA Title III:Sections 311/312 Hazard Categories – Not applicable.Sections 313 Superfunds Amendments and Reauthorizations Act of 1986 – Not applicable.Sections 302 – Not applicable.

<u>Clean Air Act (CAA):</u> Not applicable. <u>Clean Water Act (CWA):</u> Not applicable

State Right To Know Lists: California Proposition 65:	No ingredients listed No ingredients listed		
Texas ESL: Sodium Carbonate Ethoxylated Alcohol	497-19-8 68439-46-3	5 μg/m³ long term 60 μg/m³ long term	50 μg/m³ short term 600 μg/m³ short term

Version No. 18203-15A Issue Date: November 24, 2015

Supersedes Date: May 2014

OSHA HCS-2012 / GHS

Section 16: OTHER		ON				
<u>Size</u> 1 Gallon 1 Gallon, 4 per case USA items listed only. Not	Item Numbe 2300000118 18203 & 231 all items listed. U	er 203 .0000418203 & 238 SA items may not b	801004182 be valid for	.03 interno	<u>UPC</u> 043318182037 043318182037 ational sale.	
NFPA: Health – Eye Irritant Flammability – Non-flamm	able	Stability – Stable Special - None	10	0		
Acronyms NTP National Toxicology OSHA Occupational Safet TSCA Toxic Substances C	y Program y and Health Admir ontrol Act	istration	IARC CPSC DSL	Interna Consur Domes	ational Agency for Research on Cancer mer Product Safety Commission stic Substances List	
Prepared / Revised By: Su This SDS has been revised in	unshine Makers, Inc the following secti	, Regulatory Departi ons: Revised SDS	ment. layout			5 - 1940-15

DISCLAIMER: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SAFETY DATA SHEET SUPERIOR NO. 5

DATE REVISED: January 1, 2016

Product Name: Superior No. 5

Manufacturer: Superior Flux & Mfg. Co. 6615 Parkland Blvd. Cleveland OH, 44139 Emergency Phone Number: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) Other Information Calls: (440) 349-3000

To the Purchaser: This MSDS contains important environmental, health, and toxicology information for your employees who have ordered this product. Please be sure this information is given to them. If you resell this product, a copy of the MSDS should be given to the buyer.

H.M.I.S. INFORMATION: HEALTH = 2 FLAMMABILITY = 0 REACTIVITY = 0

SECTION I -- IDENTIFICATION

Common Name: Superior No. 5 Chemical Family: High temperature brazing powder flux CAS Number: NA Chemical Name: NA Formula: See Below

SECTION II – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of Substance or Mixture:

Classification (CLP): NA Label Elements (CLP): NA Signal Word: Danger



Risk Phrases: R62, R25, R36/37/38, R60/61 **Safety Phrases:** S-26, S-27, S-36/37/39, S-45 See section XVI for full text description of S and R phrases **Other Hazards:** None if used properly

SECTION III- COMPOSITION INFORMATION

Components	CAS Number	%	OSHA PEL
Boric Acid	10043-35-3	70-98	10 mg/m^3
Borax	1303-96-4	2-30	10 mg/m^3

None of the materials in this product are listed in NTP, IARC, or OSHA as carcinogens.

SECTION IV – FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air
Eyes:	Flush with water for fifteen (15) Minutes. Call physician.
Skin:	Wash thoroughly with soap and water.
Ingestion:	If patient is fully conscious, give large amounts of water. Obtain medical attention
	immediately.

Most Important Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Primary Routes of Entry into Body: Fume inhalation, ingestion, skin, and eyes.
Symptoms of Overexposure: Salivation, coughing, choking, chills, may cause weight loss, brittle bones, anemia, and stiff joints.
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Any weakness of the lungs, kidneys or liver will be aggravated.
Chemical Listed as Carcinogen or Potential Carcinogen: None
OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): 10 mg/m³
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV): 10 mg/m³

SECTION V - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point: None Flammable Limits: Lower-NA upper-NA Extinguishing Media: Not needed Auto Ignition Temperature: None Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Normal caution when dealing with chemicals Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Boric oxide fumes

SECTION VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken in Case Material is spilled: Clean up powder and flush remaining material with lots of water

SECTION VII - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Requirements: Store in plastic containers in cool area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. **Handling Precautions:** Keep containers away for excessive heat.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (TYPE): NIOSH approved respirator. Ventilation: Yes Mechanical (General): Yes Local Exhaust: Yes Protective Gloves: Recommended, NIOSH approved Eye Protection: Safety glasses Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Rubber apron

SECTION IX - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point: NA Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 1.30 Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): NA Percent Volatile by Volume: 0% Vapor Density (Air = 1): NA Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): NA Melting Point: 400°C/750°F Solubility in Water: Moderate (Hot Water) Reactivity in Water: None Appearance and Odor: White odorless powder

SECTION X - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Product is stable
(Conditions to Avoid): Excessive heat
Incompatibility: None
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Boric oxide fumes.
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur
(Conditions to Avoid): Excessive heat

SECTION XI - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity Data

- 1) Oral: LD-50 (rat): Not available
- 2) Inhalation: LC-50 (rat): Not available
- 3) Dermal: LD-50 (rabbit): Not available
- 4) Skin Irritation: (rabbit): Not available

Chronic Toxicity Data

- 1) Repeated Skin Application: (rat): Not available
- 2) Eye Irritation: (rabbit): Not available

SECTION XII - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This material has not been tested for environmental effects.

SECTION XIII - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with EPA regulations

SECTION XIV- TRANSPORTATION

D.O.T. Proper Shipping Name: Non-Hazardous Hazard Class: NA Identification Number: NA Packing Group: NA Type D.O.T Label Required Information: NA

SECTION XV - REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazardous Chemical According to 29 CFR 1910.1200: None

Carcinogenicity Classification (Components Present at 0.1% or More): Non-carcinogenic International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): Not listed American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH): Not listed National Toxicology Program (NTP): Not listed Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA): Not listed

None of the components of this product are listed on the U.S. toxic substances control act inventory or otherwise comply with TSCA pre-manufacture notification requirements.

SECTION XVI - OTHER INFORMATION

The labeling of this product is indicated in Section II. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in the MSDS are as follows:

R25 R36 R37 R38 R60/61	Toxic if swallowed Irritating to eyes Irritating to respiratory system Irritating to skin May cause infertility/May cause harm to unborn child
R62	Possible risk of impaired fertility
S-26	In case of eye contact, rinse thoroughly and get medical attention
S-27	Take off immediately contaminated clothing
S-36/37/39	Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face protection
S-45	In case of accident or if feel unwell call medical advice immediately
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility

Further information:

Judgments as to the suitability of information herein or the purchaser's purposes are necessarily the purchaser's responsibility. Reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this material, but there are NO WARRANTIES, NO REPRESENTATIONS AND NO RESPONSIBILITY AS TO THE ACCURACY OR THE SUITABILITY OF THIS INFORMATION FOR ANY PURCHASER'S USE OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENCE TO USE.

Victaulic[®] Lubricant SDS (Safety Data Sheet)



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier	
Product name :	Victaulic Lubricant
1.2. Intended Use Of The Product	
Use of the substance/preparation :	A Pipe Joint Lubricant. For professional use only.
1.3. Name, Address, And Telephone Of The Resp	onsible Party
Company	Manufacturer
Victaulic Company	JTM Products, Inc.
4901 Kesslersville Road	31025 Carter Street
Easton, PA 18045	Solon, OH 44139
610-559-3300	440-287-2302
web: www.victaulic.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number :	610-559-3300 Hours 9am-5pm EST M-F

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

This material is not classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US labeling

Not applicable

2.3. Other Hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

70 – 80% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Fatty acids, tall-oil, potassium salts	(CAS No) 61790-44-1	70–80	Not classified
1,2-Propylene glycol	(CAS No) 57-55-6	10–20	Not classified
Mica	(CAS No) 12001-26-2	5–10	Not classified



SECTION 4: Description of first aid measure	es
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Keep at rest and in a position comfortable for breathing.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effect	ts, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	 Not expected to present a significant health hazard under normal conditions of use.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Not expected to present a significant inhalation hazard.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause irritation from prolonged/repeated periods of use.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May cause gastrointestinal irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5 5		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.
Explosion hazard	: Product is not explosive.
Reactivity	: Hazardous reactions will not occur.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Precautionary measures fire	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipr	nent and emergency procedures
General measures	: Avoid all contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment an	nd cleaning up
For containment	: Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container.
Methods for cleaning up	: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
See heading 8, exposure controls and person	al protection.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid all contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.
Hygiene measures	 Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild

when leaving work.

soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

73 Specific and use(s)	
Incompatible products	: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
Storage conditions	: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Technical measures	: Comply with applicable regulations.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

A Pipe Joint Lubricant. For professional use only.



8.1. Control pa	rameters
-----------------	----------

Mica (12001-26-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (containing <1% Quartz)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	1500 mg/m ³ (containing <1% Quartz)

8.2. Exposure controls

:	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
:	Not generally required but may be necessary as conditions warrant.
:	Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
:	Protective gloves.
:	Safety glasses
:	Wear suitable protective clothing.
:	Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist are expected to exceed exposure limits.
:	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.
	: : : : : :



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Amber viscous paste
Odor	:	Mild
Odor threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	11
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	< 0°C (32°F)
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	> 104°C (220°F)
Flash Point	:	> 104°C (220°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	1.08 (water = 1)
Density	:	9.01 lbs/gal
Solubility	:	Soluble in water
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	Not applicable
9.2. Other information		
VOC content	:	146 g/L

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at standard temperature and pressure.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides.



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	:	Not classified
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)		
LD50 oral rat	20000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	20800 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Not classified (pH: 11).
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Not classified (pH: 11).
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	:	Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) :		Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repea exposure)	ted :	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and : symptoms		Not expected to present a significant hazard under normal conditions of use.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation :		Not expected to present a significant inhalation hazard.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact :		May cause skin irritation through repeated/prolonged periods of use.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contac	t :	May cause eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	:	May cause gastrointestinal irritation.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	า	

12.1. Toxicity

1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)	
LC50 fishes 1	51600 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	10000 mg/I (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	19000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
LC50 fish 2	41 (41 - 47) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Victaulic Lubricant		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Victaulic Lubricant		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)		
BCF fish 1	< 1	

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.4. Other adverse effects

Other information

: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
In accordance with ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG	
14.1. UN number	
Not regulated for transport.	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	

Not regulated for transport.

14.3. Additional information

Overland transport

No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.	
Fatty acids, tall-oil, potassium salts (61790-44-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		



15.3. US State regulations

Mica (12001-26-2)
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S Hawaii - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
U.S Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
1,2-Propylene glycol (57-55-6)
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

Installation

Reference should always be made to the I-100 Victaulic Field Installation Handbook for the product you are installing. Handbooks are included with each shipment of Victaulic products for complete installation and assembly data, and are available in PDF format on our website at www.victaulic.com.

Warranty

Refer to the Warranty section of the current Price List or contact Victaulic for details.

Note

This product shall be manufactured by Victaulic or to Victaulic specifications. All products to be installed in accordance with current Victaulic installation/assembly instructions. Victaulic reserves the right to change product specifications, designs and standard equipment without notice and without incurring obligations.

Trademarks

Victaulic and Zero-Flex are registered trademarks of Victaulic Company.





SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	MAP-Pro™ Premium Hand Torch Fuel	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	WC001	
Product code	Varies	
Recommended use	Hand Torch Fuel	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/E	Distributor information	
Manufacturer/Supplier	Worthington Cylinder Corporation	
Address	300 E. Breed St., Chilton, WI 5301	
	United States	
Contact person	Ann Stiefvater	
E-mail address	Ann.Stiefvater@worthingtonindustries.com	
Telephone number	1-920-849-1740	
Emergency telephone number	1-703-527-3887 International / CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 Domestic	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable gases	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Health hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	

Danger
Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Propylene		115-07-1	99.5 - 100
Impurities			
Chemical name		CAS number	%
Propane		74-98-6	0 - 0.5

Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.
4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. If frostbite occurs, immerse involved area in warm water (between 100 F/38 C and 110 F/43 C, not exceeding 112 F/44 C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Seek medical assistance.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not a typical route of exposure for gases or liquefied gases.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fog, or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting	Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.
equipment/instructions	Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable gas.
6. Accidental release meas	ures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and	Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary personnel away.
emergency procedures	Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Immediately contact emergency personnel. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sanitary sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Protect cylinders from damage.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Impurities	Туре	Value	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Lim	it Values		
Components	Туре	Value	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)	TWA	500 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards		
Impurities	Туре	Value	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).		
Exposure guidelines	Follow standard monitoring procedures.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.		
Individual protection measure	s, such as personal protective equip	ment	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety glasses or go	oggles.	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistan	t gloves.	
Other	Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.		
Thermal hazards	Contact with liquefied gas might cat appropriate thermal protective cloth	use frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear ing, when necessary.	
General hygiene considerations	Do not eat, drink or smoke when us eyewash station and safety shower. practices.	ing the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide . Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety	
9 Physical and chemica	l properties		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colorless liquefied gas.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Compressed liquefied gas.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Hydrocarbon or mercaptan if odorized.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	-301 °F (-185 °C)
Flash point	-162.0 °F (-107.8 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	2 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11 %
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	109.73 PSIG (21°C)
Vapor density	1.5 (0°C)

Relative density	0.52 (liquid)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Slightly soluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	1.77
Auto-ignition temperature	927 °F (497.22 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information VOC (Weight %)	100 %
,	

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Inhalation	High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.
Eye contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	High concentration: Suffoca that reduce oxygen below s	High concentration: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations hat reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels.	
Components	Species		Test Results
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)			
Acute			
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse		680 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat		658 mg/l, 4 Hours
Skin corrosion/irritation	Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with liquefied gas may cause eye damage from frostbite.		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	n		
Respiratory sensitization	Not classified.		
Skin sensitization	Not classified.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.		
Carcinogenicity	Not classified.		
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenici	ty	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-	1)	3 Not classifiable as t	o carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.		

Not classified.
Not classified.
Not classified.
May cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.	
Partition apofficient n extend (water (lag Kow)		

Partition coefficient n-octa	anol / water (log Kow)	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)		1.77
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		2.36
Mobility in soil	May evaporate quickly.	
Mobility in general	May evaporate quickly.	
Other adverse effects	None known.	

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DO	I	•	
		-	

UN r	number	UN1077
UN p	proper shipping name	Propylene
Tran	sport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.1
:	Subsidiary risk	-
Pack	king group	Not applicable.
Spec	cial precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Spec	cial provisions	19, T50
Pack	caging exceptions	306
Pack	kaging non bulk	304
Pack	kaging bulk	314, 315
ΙΑΤΑ		
UN r	number	UN1077
UN p	proper shipping name	Propylene
Tran	sport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.1
:	Subsidiary risk	-
	Label(s)	2.1
Pack	king group	Not applicable.
Envi	ronmental hazards	No.
Spec	cial precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG		
UN r	number	UN1077
UN p	proper shipping name	Propylene
Tran	sport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.1

Subsidiary risk	-		
Label(s)	2.1		
Packing group	Not applicable.		
Environmental hazards			
Marine pollutant	No.		
EmS	F-D, S-U	o '	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SD	S and emergency p	procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.		
15. Regulatory information			
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 All components are on the U.	Chemical" as defir). .S. EPA TSCA Inve	ned by the OSHA Hazard Communication
TSCA Section 12(b) Export N	lotification (40 CFR 707, Sub	ppt. D)	
Not regulated. US. OSHA Specifically Regul	ated Substances (29 CFR 19	910.1001-1050)	
Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar	nce List (40 CFR 302.4)		
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		LISTED	
Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)	LISTED	
Superfund Amendments and Rea	authorization Act of 1986 (SA	ARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	ous substance		
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.
Propylene		115-07-1	99.5 - 100
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Pollutant	s (HAPs) List	
Not regulated.			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Release P	revention (40 CFR	68.130)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)		
Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130)	Hazardous substance		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
US state regulations	This product does not contain defects or other reproductive	n a chemical knowr harm.	n to the State of California to cause cancer, birth
US. Massachusetts RTK	- Substance List		
Propane (CAS 74-98- Propylene (CAS 115- US New Jersey Worker	6) 07-1) and Community Right-to-Kn	ow Act	
Pronane (CAS 71-08-	6)		
Propylene (CAS 115-	07-1)		
US. Pennsylvania Worke	r and Community Right-to-k	(now Law	
Propane (CAS 74-98- Propylene (CAS 115-	6) 07-1)		

US. Rhode Island RTK

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Not listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	07-December-2012
Revision date	28-April-2014
Version #	02
Further information	HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe * = Chronic hazard. Health: 1. Flammability: 4. Physical hazard: 1.
NFPA Ratings	4

Disclaimer

All information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.